UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2019

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to _____

Commission file number 001-37893

FLUENT, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) 77-0688094 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

300 Vesey Street, 9th Floor New York, New York 10282 (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(646) 669-7272 (Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

	Trading	
Title of each class	Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.0005 par value per share	FLNT	The NASDAQ Stock Market, LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. 🖾 YES 🗆 NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). 🖾 YES 🗆 NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	Accelerated filer	\times
Non-accelerated filer	Smaller reporting company	\times
Emerging growth company		

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act): YES 🗆 NO 🗵

As of November 8, 2019, the registrant had 76,809,530 shares of common stock outstanding.

FLUENT, INC.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Unless otherwise indicated or required by the context, all references in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to "we," "us," "our," "Fluent," or the "Company," refer to Fluent, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

FLUENT, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Amounts in thousands, except share and per share data) (unaudited)

	S	eptember 30, 2019	De	ecember 31, 2018
ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	24,228	\$	17,769
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,550 and \$1,751, respectively		45,745		48,652
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		2,015		1,971
Total current assets		71,988		68,392
Restricted cash		1,480		1,480
Property and equipment, net		3,037		1,380
Operating lease right-of-use assets		10,332		_
Intangible assets, net		58,478		61,812
Goodwill		164,774		159,791
Other non-current assets		579		414
Total assets	\$	310,668	\$	293,269
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:				
Accounts payable	\$	17,396	\$	7,855
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		17,069		21,566
Deferred revenue		1,178		444
Current portion of long-term debt		6,058		3,500
Current portion of operating lease liability		2,342		_
Total current liabilities		44,043		33,365
Long-term debt, net		46,929		51,972
Operating lease liability, net		9,507		—
Other non-current liabilities		736		766
Total liabilities		101,215		86,103
Shareholders' equity:				
Preferred stock - \$0.0001 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized; 0 shares issued and outstanding at				
September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018		—		—
Common stock - \$0.0005 par value, 200,000,000 shares authorized; 78,574,482 and 76,525,581 shares issued at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively; and 76,783,296 and 75,292,383 shares				
outstanding at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively		39		38
Treasury stock, at cost, 1,791,186 and 1,233,198 shares at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018,				
respectively		(6,368)		(3,272)
Additional paid-in capital		403,854		395,769
Accumulated deficit		(188,072)		(185,369)
Total shareholders' equity		209,453		207,166
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	310,668	\$	293,269

See notes to consolidated financial statements

FLUENT, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Amounts in thousands, except share and per share data) (unaudited)

	Th	ree Months E 30	September	Ni	September		
		2019	2018		2019		2018
Revenue	\$	64,552	\$ 66,535	\$	201,673	\$	179,459
Costs and expenses:							
Cost of revenue (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)		44,568	41,744		138,530		115,120
Sales and marketing		2,717	3,640		9,209		9,909
Product development		2,040	1,680		6,485		3,556
General and administrative		14,049	9,775		34,378		25,387
Depreciation and amortization		3,642	3,352		10,265		10,021
Write-off of long-lived assets		280	_		280		_
Spin-off transaction costs			 				7,708
Total costs and expenses		67,296	 60,191		199,147		171,701
(Loss) income from operations		(2,744)	6,344		2,526		7,758
Interest expense, net		(1,719)	(1,882)		(5,264)		(6,209)
(Loss) income before income taxes from continuing operations		(4,463)	4,462		(2,738)		1,549
Income tax benefit					35		
Net (loss) income from continuing operations		(4,463)	4,462		(2,703)		1,549
Discontinued operations:							
Loss from operations of discontinued operations, net of \$0 income taxes			_		_		(2,084)
Loss on disposal of discontinued operations, net of \$0 income taxes					—		(19,040)
Net loss from discontinued operations		_	_		_		(21,124)
Net (loss) income	\$	(4,463)	\$ 4,462	\$	(2,703)	\$	(19,575)
Basic and diluted (loss) income per share:			 				
Continuing operations	\$	(0.06)	\$ 0.06	\$	(0.03)	\$	0.02
Discontinued operations	\$	—	\$ _	\$	_	\$	(0.28)
Net (loss) income	\$	(0.06)	\$ 0.06	\$	(0.03)	\$	(0.26)
	<u> </u>		 	_		_	
Weighted average number of shares outstanding:							
Basic and diluted		79,569,210	78,199,633		79,389,131		76,002,514
			, ,				

See notes to consolidated financial statements

FLUENT, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Amounts in thousands, except share data) (unaudited)

	Common stock Treasury stock						Additional					Total
	-				0			paid-in	Ac	cumulated	sha	reholders'
	Shares	An	iount	Shares		Amount		capital	deficit			equity
Balance at June 30, 2019	78,534,774	\$	39	1,785,489	\$	(6,351)	\$	402,192	\$	(183,609)	\$	212,271
Vesting of restricted stock units and issuance of												
restricted stock	39,708		_			_		_		—		
Increase in treasury stock resulting from shares												
withheld to cover statutory taxes	_			5,697		(17)				_		(17)
Reclassification of puttable option from equity to												
liability			_			_		(1,150)		_		(1,150)
Share-based compensation expense	_		—					2,812		_		2,812
Net loss			_					_		(4,463)		(4,463)
Balance at September 30, 2019	78,574,482	\$	39	1,791,186	\$	(6,368)	\$	403,854	\$	(188,072)	\$	209,453
Balance at December 31, 2018	76,525,581	\$	38	1,233,198	\$	(3,272)	\$	395,769	\$	(185,369)	\$	207,166
Vesting of restricted stock units and issuance of												
restricted stock	2,048,901		1	_				(1)		_		_
Increase in treasury stock resulting from shares												
withheld to cover statutory taxes	_			557,988		(3,096)				_		(3,096)
Share-based compensation expense						_		8,086		_		8,086
Net loss	—		_			_		_		(2,703)		(2,703)
Balance at September 30, 2019	78,574,482	\$	39	1,791,186	\$	(6,368)	\$	403,854	\$	(188,072)	\$	209,453

							Additional			Total
	Commo	n stock		Treasur	y st	ock	paid-in	Ac	cumulated	 reholders'
	Shares	Amo	ount	Shares	A	mount	capital		deficit	equity
Balance at June 30, 2018	76,509,709	\$	38	1,225,085	\$	(3,253)	\$ 390,011	\$	(191,474)	\$ 195,322
Vesting of restricted stock units and issuance of										
restricted stock	6,706			—		—	—		—	—
Reduction in value of puttable option classified as										
liability	—		—	—		—	200		—	200
Share-based compensation expense				—		—	2,675		—	2,675
Net income						_			4,462	 4,462
Balance at September 30, 2018	76,516,415	\$	38	1,225,085	\$	(3,253)	\$ 392,886	\$	(187,012)	\$ 202,659
								_		
Balances at December 31, 2017	61,631,573	\$	31	352,523	\$	(1,274)	\$ 392,687	\$	(167,437)	\$ 224,007
Issuance of common stock upon direct offering to										
certain investors, net of issuance costs of \$108	2,700,000		1	—			13,391		—	13,392
Vesting of restricted stock units and issuance of										
restricted stock	12,184,842		6	—		—	(6)		—	—
Increase in treasury stock resulting from shares										
withheld to cover statutory taxes	—		—	872,562		(1,979)	—		—	(1,979)
Reduction in value of puttable option classified as										
liability							200			200
Share-based compensation expense	_		—	—			28,114		—	28,114
Net loss			—	—		—	—		(19,575)	(19,575)
Spin-off of Red Violet			_		_		(41,500)	_		 (41,500)
Balance at September 30, 2018	76,516,415	\$	38	1,225,085	\$	(3,253)	\$ 392,886	\$	(187,012)	\$ 202,659

See notes to consolidated financial statements

FLUENT, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Amounts in thousands) (unaudited)

	Nine	e Months Ende	ed Se	ptember 30,
		2019		2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net loss	\$	(2,703)	\$	(19,575)
Net loss from discontinued operations		—		21,124
Adjustments to reconcile net loss from continuing operations to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		10,265		10,021
Non-cash interest expense and related amortization		1,016		1,491
Share-based compensation expense		8,019		11,855
Provision for bad debt		2,082		462
Write-off of long-lived assets		280		—
Deferred income tax benefit		(35)		
Allocation of expenses to Red Violet		—		(325)
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of business acquisition:		0.000		
Accounts receivable		8,660		(3,910)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		10		(112)
Other non-current assets		(137)		533
Operating lease assets and liabilities, net		1,517		(150)
Accounts payable		1,850		(159)
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		(4,915)		628
Deferred revenue		701		449
Other		5		
Net cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations		26,615		22,482
Net cash used in operating activities from discontinued operations				(5,835)
Net cash provided by operating activities		26,615		16,647
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Acquisition of property and equipment		(2,076)		(107)
Business acquisition, net of cash acquired		(7,246)		
Capitalized costs included in intangible assets		(1,887)		(995)
Capital contributed to Red Violet				(19,728)
Net cash used in investing activities from continuing operations		(11,209)		(20,830)
Net cash used in investing activities from discontinued operations				(1,386)
Net cash used in investing activities		(11,209)		(22,216)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from issuance of shares, net of issuance costs		—		13,392
Proceeds from debt obligations, net of debt costs		—		67,182
Repayments of long-term debt		(5,851)		(72,229)
Taxes paid related to net share settlement of restricted stock units and issuance of restricted stock		(3,096)		(1,979)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(8,947)		6,366
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		6,459		797
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period		19,249		16,564
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$	25,708	\$	17,361
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE INFORMATION				
Cash paid for interest	\$	4,170	\$	4,931
Cash paid for income taxes	\$		\$	_
Share-based compensation capitalized in intangible assets	\$	67	\$	364
Reduction in value of puttable common stock classified as liability	\$	—	\$	(200)

See notes to consolidated financial statements

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Basis of preparation and liquidity

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared by Fluent, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company" or "Fluent"), in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("US GAAP") and applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") regarding interim financial reporting. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with US GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to those rules and regulations.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements reflect all normal recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows for the interim periods, but are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be anticipated for any future interim periods or for the full year ending December 31, 2019.

The information included in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 ("2018 Form 10-K") filed with the SEC on March 18, 2019. The consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2018 included herein was derived from the audited financial statements as of that date included in the 2018 Form 10-K.

Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. All significant transactions among the Company and its subsidiaries have been eliminated upon consolidation.

Spin-off of Red Violet

On March 26, 2018, Fluent completed the previously announced spin-off (the "Spin-off") of its risk management business from its performance marketing business by way of a distribution of all the shares of common stock of Fluent's wholly-owned subsidiary, Red Violet, Inc. ("Red Violet"), to Fluent's shareholders of record as of March 19, 2018 and certain warrant holders. See Note 3, *Discontinued operations*, for details.

Reclassifications

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company reviewed the classification of certain expenses presented in the consolidated statement of operations in an effort to bring added transparency and conformity to its reporting. As a result of this review, the Company made a number of changes to classification of operating expenses. Expenses for prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, the reclassifications had no effect on income from operations, net income from continuing operations, or net income (loss).

The following table summarizes the reclassification activity for the three months ended September 30, 2018:

		-	previously ported	Category xpansion	co ex	erating sts and penses ssification	currently eported
Cost of revenue (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)		\$	39,090	\$ _	\$	2,654	\$ 41,744
Sales and marketing			4,186	(143)		(403)	3,640
Product development			_	1,680		_	1,680
General and administrative			13,563	(1,537)		(2,251)	9,775
	6						

The following table summarizes the reclassification activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2018:

			Operating costs and							
	As previously reported			Category expansion		expenses reclassification		s currently reported		
Cost of revenue (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)	\$	108,646	\$		\$	6,474	\$	115,120		
Sales and marketing		11,870		(742)		(1,219)		9,909		
Product development				3,556		—		3,556		
General and administrative		33,456		(2,814)		(5,255)		25,387		

Immaterial Correction of an Error

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company identified an error in its calculation of basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding, in which shares that had vested but were subject to deferred delivery were not included in both the basic and diluted calculations. As a result, the calculation for basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding, and the corresponding changes to basic and diluted income (loss) per share as previously reported for three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 was adjusted by an immaterial amount as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2018					Nine Months Ended Septembe 30, 2018				
	As previously As currently reported reported					s previously eported (1)	As currently reported			
Weighted average number of shares outstanding:										
Basic		78,199,579		78,199,633		73,941,595		76,002,514		
Diluted		78,199,579	78,199,633		73,941,595			76,002,514		
Basic and diluted income (loss) per share:										
Continuing operations	\$	0.06	\$	0.06	\$	0.02	\$	0.02		
Discontinued operations	\$	—	\$		\$	(0.29)	\$	(0.28)		
Net income (loss)	\$	0.06	\$	0.06	\$	(0.26)	\$	(0.26)		

(1) Contains summation difference due to rounding.

(b) Recently issued and adopted accounting standards

In February 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2016-02 ("ASU 2016-02"), *Leases (Topic 842)*, and additional changes, modifications, clarifications or interpretations thereafter, which generally require companies to recognize operating and financing lease liabilities and corresponding right-of-use assets on the balance sheet. Effective January 1, 2019, the Company adopted ASU 2016-02 using a modified retrospective approach, utilizing transition guidance introduced in ASU 2018-11, *Leases: Targeted Improvements*, and elected the 'package of practical expedients,' which permitted the Company not to reassess prior conclusions about lease identification, classification and initial direct costs.

As of January 1, 2019, the adoption of ASU 2016-02 resulted in the recording of right-of-use assets and operating lease liabilities of \$10,866 and \$11,138, respectively, on the consolidated balance sheets. The difference between the right-of-use assets and operating lease liabilities was recorded as a write-off of the previously recognized deferred rent liability included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets. ASU 2016-02 did not impact the Company's consolidated statements of operations or consolidated statements of cash flows. The accounting for financing leases, previously referred to as capital leases, was unchanged as a result of the adoption of ASU 2016-02.

Subsequent to the adoption of Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 842, the Company will continue to recognize, on a discounted basis, its minimum commitments under noncancelable operating leases on its consolidated balance sheets. ASC 842 also provides practical expedients for an entity's ongoing accounting. The Company has elected the short-term lease recognition exemption for all leases that qualify. Accordingly, the Company will not recognize right-of-use assets or lease liabilities for qualifying leases, including existing short-term leases in effect at the transition date, and will recognize those payments on the consolidated statements of operations on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Additionally, the Company has elected the practical expedient to not separate lease and non-lease components for all of its leases. See Note 4, *Lease commitments*, for additional disclosures.

In January 2016, FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, *Financial Instruments—Credit Losses*, and additional changes, modifications, clarifications or interpretations thereafter, which require a reporting entity to estimate credit losses on certain types of financial instruments, and present assets held at amortized cost and available-for-sale debt securities at the amount expected to be collected. The new guidance is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2019, and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the new guidance on its consolidated financial statements.

(c) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when control of goods or services is transferred to customers, in amounts that reflect the consideration the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. The Company's performance obligation is typically to (a) deliver data records, based on predefined qualifying characteristics specified by the customer or (b) generate conversions, based on predefined user actions (for example, a click, a registration or the installation of an app) and subject to certain qualifying characteristics specified by the customer.

The Company applies the practical expedient related to the review of a portfolio of contracts in reviewing the terms of customer contracts as one collective group, rather than by individual contract. Based on historical knowledge of the contracts contained in this portfolio and the similar nature and characteristics of the customers, the Company has concluded the financial statement effects are not materially different than accounting for revenue on a contract-by-contract basis.

Revenue is recognized upon satisfaction of the associated performance obligations. The Company's customers simultaneously receive and consume the benefits provided, as the Company satisfies its performance obligations. Furthermore, the Company elected the "right to invoice" practical expedient available within ASC 606-10-55-18 as the measure of progress, since the Company has a right to payment from a customer in an amount that corresponds directly with the value of the performance completed to date. The Company's revenue arrangements do not contain significant financing components. The Company has further concluded that revenue does not require disaggregation.

For each identified performance obligation in the contract with the customer, the Company assesses whether it or the third-party supplier is the principal or agent. In arrangements where Fluent has substantive control of the specified goods and services, is primarily responsible for the integration of products and services into the final deliverable to the customer, has inventory risk and discretion in establishing pricing, Fluent acts as the principal. For performance obligations in which Fluent acts as principal, the Company records the gross amount billed to the customer within revenue and the related incremental direct costs incurred as cost of revenue. If the third-party supplier, rather than Fluent, is primarily responsible for the performance and deliverable to the customer, and Fluent solely arranges for the third-party supplier to provide services to the customer, Fluent acts as the agent. For performance obligations for which Fluent acts as the agent, the net fees on such transactions are recorded as revenue with no associated costs of revenue for the Company.

If a customer pays consideration before the Company's performance obligations are satisfied, such amounts are classified as deferred revenue on the consolidated balance sheets. As of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the balance of deferred revenue was \$1,178 and \$444, respectively. The majority of the deferred revenue balance as of December 31, 2018 was recognized into revenue during the first quarter of 2019.

If there is a delay between the period in which revenue is recognized and when customer invoices are issued, revenue is recognized and related amounts are recorded as unbilled revenue in accounts receivable on the consolidated balance sheets. As of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, unbilled revenue included in accounts receivable totaled \$19,081 and \$25,545, respectively. In line with industry practice, the unbilled revenue balance is recorded based on the Company's internally-tracked conversions, net of estimated variances between this amount and the amount tracked and subsequently confirmed by customers. Substantially all amounts included within the unbilled revenue balance are invoiced to customers within the month directly following the period of service. Historical estimates related to unbilled revenue have not been materially different from actual revenue billed.

Sales commissions are recorded at the time revenue is recognized and recorded in sales and marketing expenses. The Company has elected to utilize a practical expedient to expense incremental costs incurred related to obtaining a contract.

In addition, the Company elected the practical expedient to not disclose the value of unsatisfied performance obligations for (i) contracts with an original expected length of one year or less and (ii) contracts for which revenue is recognized at the amount to which the Company has the right to invoice for services performed.

2. Loss (income) per share

Basic (loss) income per share is computed by dividing net (loss) income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, in addition to restricted stock units ("RSUs") and restricted common stock that are vested but not delivered. Diluted (loss) income per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock are exercised or converted into common stock, and is calculated using the treasury stock method for stock options, restricted stock units, restricted stock, warrants and deferred common stock. Common equivalent shares are excluded from the calculation in loss periods, as their effects would be anti-dilutive.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, basic and diluted (loss) income per share was as follows:

				Ni	Nine Months Ended Septem				
	Thr	ee Months En	ded S	September 30,					
		2019		2018		2019		2018	
Numerator:									
Net (loss) income from continuing operations	\$	(4,463)	\$	4,462	\$	(2,703)	\$	1,549	
Net loss from discontinued operations						—		(21,124)	
Net (loss) income	\$	(4,463)	\$	4,462	\$	(2,703)	\$	(19,575)	
Denominator:									
Weighted average shares outstanding		76,769,339		75,289,662		76,296,825		72,657,052	
Weighted average restricted shares vested not delivered		2,799,871		2,909,971		3,092,306		3,345,462	
Total basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding		79,569,210		78,199,633		79,389,131		76,002,514	
Basic and diluted (loss) earnings per share									
Continuing operations	\$	(0.06)	\$	0.06	\$	(0.03)	\$	0.02	
Discontinued operations	\$		\$		\$		\$	(0.28)	
Net (loss) income	\$	(0.06)	\$	0.06	\$	(0.03)	\$	(0.26)	

The following potentially dilutive securities were excluded from the calculation of diluted (loss) income per share, as their effects would have been antidilutive for the periods presented:

			Nine Months End	led September
	Three Months Ende	d September 30,	30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Restricted stock units	3,794,227	3,842,631	3,794,227	3,842,631
Stock options	2,120,000	2,623,776	2,120,000	2,623,776
Warrants	2,398,776	112,000	2,398,776	112,000
Total anti-dilutive securities	8,313,003	6,578,407	8,313,003	6,578,407

3. Discontinued operations

As a result of the Spin-off on March 26, 2018, the financial results of Red Violet are reflected in the Company's consolidated financial statements as discontinued operations and, therefore, are presented as loss from discontinued operations on the consolidated statements of operations, and cash activity from discontinued operations on the consolidated statements of cash flows. Further, the Company's additional paid-in capital was decreased by the net assets of Red Violet, as reflected in the consolidated statements of changes in shareholders' equity.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the financial results of operations of Red Violet were as follows:

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018
Revenue	\$ 3,325
Cost of revenue (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)	2,017
Sales and marketing expenses	1,089
General and administrative expenses	1,852
Depreciation and amortization	451
Loss from operations of discontinued operations, net of \$0 income taxes	(2,084)
Loss on disposal of discontinued operations, net of \$0 income taxes	(19,040)
Net loss from discontinued operations	\$ (21,124)

For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, included in the net loss from discontinued operations is a loss on disposal of discontinued operations of \$19,040, of which an aggregate of \$16,030 represented non-cash charges. The loss on disposal of discontinued operations consisted of the following:

	Endec	e Months 1 September 80, 2018
Share-based compensation expense (1)	\$	15,548
Write-off of unamortized debt costs (2)		284
Write-off of certain prepaid expenses		198
Spin-off related professional fees		2,012
Spin-off related employee compensation		998
Loss on disposal of discontinued operations	\$	19,040

(1) As discussed and defined in Note 10, *Share-based compensation*, share-based compensation expense represents non-cash expense incurred in connection with the Acceleration of certain previously outstanding but unvested stock options, RSUs and restricted stock and additional Spin-off Grants, in connection with the Spin-off.

(2) As discussed in Note 7, *Long-term debt, net,* in connection with the Spin-off, the Company repaid the Promissory Notes to certain investors, which resulted in a write-off of unamortized debt costs of \$284.

In addition, during the first quarter of 2018, in connection with the Spin-off of Red Violet, an aggregate of \$7,708 was recognized in costs and expenses from continuing operations as spin-off transaction costs, and included non-cash share-based compensation expense of \$5,409 as a result of 2,041,000 shares of Transaction Grants (as defined in Note 10, *Share-based compensation*), and employee cash compensation of \$2,299.



4. Lease commitments

At the inception of a contract, the Company determines whether the contract is or contains a lease based on the facts and circumstances present. Operating leases with terms greater than one year are recognized on the consolidated balance sheets as Operating lease right-of-use assets, Current portion of operating lease liability, and Operating lease liability, net. Financing leases with terms greater than one year are recognized on the consolidated balance sheets as Property and equipment, net, Accrued expenses and other current liabilities, and Other non-current liabilities. The Company has elected not to recognize leases with terms of one year or less on the consolidated balance sheets.

Lease obligations and their corresponding assets are recorded based on the present value of lease payments over the expected lease term. As the interest rate implicit in lease contracts is typically not readily determinable, the Company utilizes an appropriate incremental borrowing rate, which is the rate incurred to borrow an amount equal to the applicable lease payments on a collateralized basis, over a similar term, and in a similar economic environment. Certain adjustments to the right-of-use asset may be required for items such as initial direct costs paid or incentives received. The components of a lease are split into three categories: lease components, non-lease components and non-components; however, the Company has elected to combine lease and non-lease components into a single component. Rent expense associated with operating leases is recognized over the expected term on a straight-line basis. In connection with financing leases, depreciation of the underlying asset is recognized over the expected term on a straight-line basis and interest expense is recognized as incurred.

The Company is party to a number of noncancelable operating and financing lease agreements for certain offices and furniture, fixtures and office equipment. These leases have original lease periods expiring between 2021 and 2025. Although certain leases include options to renew, the Company does not assume renewals in the determination of the lease term unless the renewals are deemed to be reasonably assured at lease commencement. The Company's lease agreements do not contain any material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, the components of lease costs are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2019		Ended September Ended Sept	
Operating leases:				
Rent expense	\$	542	\$	1,533
Financing lease:				
Leased furniture, fixtures and office equipment depreciation expense		73		170
Interest expense		10		32
Short-term leases:				
Rent expense		85		342
Total lease costs	\$	710	\$	2,077

As of September 30, 2019, the weighted average lease-term and discount rate of the Company's leases are as follows:

	September	30, 2019
	Operating Leases	Financing Lease
Weighted average remaining lease-term (in years)	6.0	6.2
Weighted average discount rate	5.0%	5.0%

As of September 30, 2019, scheduled future maturities of the Company's lease liabilities are as follows:

	Septeml	September 30, 2019		
Year	Operating Leases	Operating Leases Financing Le		
Remainder of 2019	\$ 585	5 \$	37	
2020	2,344	1	157	
2021	2,297	7	157	
2022	2,153	}	158	
2023	2,222	<u>2</u>	169	
Thereafter	4,110)	312	
Total undiscounted cash flows	13,711	L	990	
Less: imputed interest	(1,862	<u>2)</u>	(138)	
Present value of lease liabilities	\$ 11,845) \$	852	

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, supplemental cash flow information related to leases are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2019	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:		
Operating cash flows used for operating leases (1)	\$ 585	\$ 288
Operating cash flows used for financing lease	\$ 15	\$ 39
Lease liabilities related to the acquisition of right-of-use assets:		
Operating leases	\$ 451	\$ 568

(1) For the nine months ended September 30, 2019, the Company received a cash reimbursement of \$640 for tenant improvements made to its New York City corporate headquarters.

5. Intangible assets, net

Intangible assets, net, other than goodwill, consist of the following:

	Amortization period (in years)	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Gross amount:			
Software developed for internal use	3	\$ 4,427	\$ 3,037
Acquired proprietary technology	4-5	13,559	11,459
Customer relationships	6-10	37,286	34,986
Trade names	4-20	16,657	16,357
Domain names	20	191	191
Databases	5-10	31,292	31,292
Non-competition agreements	2-5	1,768	1,768
Total gross amount		105,180	99,090
Accumulated amortization:			
Software developed for internal use		(1,724)	(1,282)
Acquired proprietary technology		(8,827)	(6,987)
Customer relationships		(18,116)	(14,417)
Trade names		(3,124)	(2,504)
Domain names		(36)	(29)
Databases		(13,280)	(10,573)
Non-competition agreements		(1,595)	(1,486)
Total accumulated amortization		(46,702)	(37,278)
Net intangible assets:			
Software developed for internal use		2,703	1,755
Acquired proprietary technology		4,732	4,472
Customer relationships		19,170	20,569
Trade names		13,533	13,853
Domain names		155	162
Databases		18,012	20,719
Non-competition agreements		173	282
Total intangible assets, net		\$ 58,478	\$ 61,812

The gross amounts associated with software developed for internal use primarily represent capitalized costs for internally-developed software. The amounts relating to acquired proprietary technology, customer relationships, trade names, domain names, databases and non-competition agreements primarily represent the fair values of intangible assets acquired as a result of the acquisition of Fluent, LLC ("Fluent LLC"), effective on December 8, 2015 (the "Fluent LLC Acquisition"), the acquisition of Q Interactive, LLC, effective on June 8, 2016 (the "Q Interactive Acquisition") and the acquisition of substantially all the assets of AdParlor Holdings, Inc. and certain of its affiliates, effective July 1, 2019 (see Note 14, *Business Acquisition*).

During the three months ended September 30, 2019, the Company determined that its declining operating results constituted a triggering event. As such, the Company conducted an interim test of the recoverability of its long-lived assets. Based on the results of this recoverability test, which measured the Company's projected undiscounted cash flows as compared to the carrying value of the asset group, the Company determined that, as of September 30, 2019, its long-lived assets were not impaired. The Company believes that the assumptions utilized in this interim impairment testing, including the determination of estimated future cash flows, are reasonable. Future tests may indicate impairment if actual future cash flows or other factors differ from the assumptions used in the Company's interim impairment test at September 30, 2019.

Amortization expense of \$3,456 and \$3,228 for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 and \$9,708 and \$9,653 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, are included in depreciation and amortization expenses in the consolidated statements of operations. As of September 30, 2019, intangible assets with a carrying amount of \$398, included in the gross amount of software developed for internal use, have not commenced amortization, as they are not ready for their intended use.

As of September 30, 2019, estimated amortization expenses related to the Company's intangible assets for the remainder of 2019 through 2024 and thereafter are as follows:

Year	September 30, 2019	
Remainder of 2019	\$ 3,443	
2020	13,623	
2021	10,810	
2022	9,171	
2023	4,663	
2024 and thereafter	16,768	
Total	\$ 58,478	

6. Goodwill

Goodwill represents the cost in excess of fair value of net assets acquired in a business combination. As of September 30, 2019, the total balance of goodwill was \$164,774, as a result of the acquisition of Interactive Data, LLC effective on October 2, 2014, the Fluent LLC Acquisition, the Q Interactive Acquisition and the AdParlor Acquisition (as defined in Note 14, *Business Acquisition*).

In accordance with ASC Topic 350, *Intangibles - Goodwill and Other*, goodwill is tested at least annually for impairment, or when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable, by assessing qualitative factors or performing a quantitative analysis in determining whether it is more likely than not that its fair value exceeds the carrying value. The measurement date of the Company's annual goodwill impairment test is October 1.

During the three months ended September 30, 2019, the Company determined that its declining operating results, along with a decline in the market value of its publicly traded stock, constituted a triggering event. As such, the Company conducted an interim test of the fair value of its goodwill for potential impairment. Based on the results of this interim impairment test, which used a combination of income and market approaches to determine the fair value of the Fluent reporting unit (as defined in Note 11, *Segment information*), the Company concluded that, as of September 30, 2019, its goodwill was not impaired. The results of its interim impairment test indicated that the estimated fair value of the reporting unit exceeded its carrying value by approximately 12%. The Company believes that the assumptions utilized in its interim impairment testing, including the determination of an appropriate discount rate of 12.5%, long-term profitability growth projections, and estimated future cash flows, are reasonable. The risk of future impairment of its \$159,790 of goodwill exists if actual results; such as lower than expected revenue, profitability, cash flows, market multiples, discount rates and control premiums, differ from the assumptions used in the Company's interim impairment test. In addition, a sustained decline in the market value of its publicly traded stock could impact the Company's fair value assessment.

7. Long-term debt, net

Long-term debt, net, related to the Refinanced Term Loan and Note Payable (as defined below) consisted of the following:

	Se	ptember 30, 2019	Decem	ber 31, 2018
Refinanced Term Loan due 2023 (less unamortized discount of \$3,857)	\$	50,612	\$	55,472
Note Payable due 2021 (less unamortized discount of \$125)		2,375		
Long-term debt, net		52,987		55,472
Less: Current portion of long-term debt		(6,058)		(3,500)
Long-term debt, net (non-current)	\$	46,929	\$	51,972

Refinanced Term Loan

In connection with the Spin-off of Red Violet, Fluent LLC refinanced and fully repaid the existing term loans (the "Term Loans") and certain promissory notes (the "Promissory Notes"), which had been entered into on December 8, 2015, with a new term loan in the amount of \$70.0 million ("Refinanced Term Loan"), pursuant to a Limited Consent and Amendment No. 6 ("Amendment No. 6") to its Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement"), effective on March 26, 2018 (the "Refinancing").

The Refinanced Term Loan is guaranteed by the Company and its direct and indirect subsidiaries, and is secured by substantially all of the assets of the Company and its direct and indirect subsidiaries, including Fluent, LLC, in each case, on an equal and ratable basis. The Refinanced Term Loan accrues interest at the rate of either, at Fluent's option, (a) LIBOR (subject to a floor of 0.50%) plus 7.00% per annum, or (b) the base rate (generally equivalent to the U.S. prime rate) plus 6.0% per annum, payable in cash. Interest under the

Refinanced Term Loan is payable monthly. Scheduled principal amortization of the Refinanced Term Loan is \$875 per quarter, commencing with the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2018. The Refinanced Term Loan matures on March 26, 2023.

On March 26, 2018, proceeds from the Refinanced Term Loan were utilized to repay, in full, the outstanding principal amount plus accrued PIK interest of the Term Loans and Promissory Notes of \$55,586 and \$11,425, respectively. Prepayment premiums and unamortized debt costs associated with the Term Loans of \$2,818 and \$3,136, respectively, were capitalized in the balance of the Refinanced Term Loan and are being amortized over the remaining period of the Refinanced Term Loan. In addition, refinancing costs paid to third parties of \$193 were recognized in loss on disposal of discontinued operations. See Note 3, *Discontinued operations*.

The Credit Agreement, as amended, requires the Company to maintain and comply with certain financial and other covenants, commencing with the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2018. In addition, the Credit Agreement, as amended, includes certain prepayment provisions, including mandatory quarterly principal prepayments of the Refinanced Term Loan with a portion of the Company's excess cash flow, as defined in the Credit Agreement. For the three months ended September 30, 2019, the quarterly prepayment resulting from excess cash flow was \$1,308. As of September 30, 2019, this amount was reclassified to the current portion of long-term debt and will be paid during the fourth quarter. At September 30, 2019, the Company was in compliance with all of the financial and other covenants under the Credit Agreement.

Note Payable

On July 1, 2019, in connection with the AdParlor Acquisition (as defined in Note 14, *Business Acquisition*), the Company issued a promissory note (the "Note Payable") in the principal amount of \$2,350, net of discount of \$150 from imputing interest on the non-interest bearing note using a 4.28% rate. The promissory note is guaranteed by the Company's subsidiary, Fluent, LLC, will not accrue interest except in the case of default, is payable in two equal installments on the first and second anniversaries of the date of closing of the acquisition and is subject to setoff in respect of certain indemnity and other matters.

Maturities

As of September 30, 2019, scheduled future maturities of the Refinanced Term Loan and Note Payable, including the required principal prepayment based on a portion of the Company's quarterly excess cash flow of \$1,308 for the third quarter of 2019 and excluding potential future additional principal prepayments, are as follows:

Year	
Remainder of 2019	\$ 3,433
2020	4,750
2021	3,500
2022	3,500
2023	 41,786
Total maturities	\$ 56,969

Fair value

As of September 30, 2019, the fair value of long-term debt is considered to approximate its carrying value. The fair value assessment represents a Level 2 measurement.

8. Income taxes

The Company is subject to federal and state income taxes in the United States. The tax provision for interim periods is determined using an estimate of the Company's annual effective tax rate. The Company updates its estimated annual effective tax rate on a quarterly basis and, if the estimate changes, makes a cumulative adjustment.

As of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company has recorded a full valuation allowance against net deferred tax assets, and intends to continue maintaining a full valuation allowance on these net deferred tax assets until there is sufficient evidence to support the release of all or some portion of these allowances. Based on current income from continuing operations and anticipated future earnings, the Company believes there is a reasonable possibility that within the next twelve months sufficient positive evidence may become available to allow a conclusion to be reached that a significant portion, if not all, of the valuation allowance will be released. Release of some or all of the valuation allowance would result in the recognition of certain deferred tax assets and an increase in deferred tax benefit for any period in which such a release may be recorded, however, the exact timing and amount of any valuation allowance release are subject to change, depending upon the level of profitability that the Company is able to achieve and the net deferred tax assets available.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company's effective income tax benefit rate of 1% and 0%, respectively, differed from the statutory federal income tax rates of 21% and 34%, respectively, with such differences resulting primarily from the application of the full valuation allowance against the Company's deferred tax assets.

The Company assesses its income tax positions and records tax benefits for all years subject to examination based upon its evaluation of the facts, circumstances and information available at the reporting dates. For those tax positions where it is more-likely-than-not that a tax benefit will be sustained, the Company has recorded the largest amount of tax benefit with a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with a taxing authority that has full knowledge of all relevant information. For those income tax positions where it is not more-likely-than-not that a tax benefit will be sustained, no tax benefit has been recognized in the Company's financial statements.

As of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the balance of unrecognized tax benefits was \$1,480. The unrecognized tax benefits, if recognized, would result in an increase to net operating losses that would be subject to a valuation allowance and, accordingly, result in no impact to the Company's annual effective tax rate. As of September 30, 2019, the Company has not accrued any interest or penalties with respect to its uncertain tax positions.

The Company does not anticipate a significant increase or reduction in unrecognized tax benefits within the next twelve months.

9. Common stock, treasury stock and warrants

Common stock

As of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the number of issued shares of common stock was 78,574,482 and 76,525,581, respectively, which included shares of treasury stock of 1,791,186 and 1,233,198, respectively.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2019, the change in the number of issued shares of common stock was a result of an aggregate 2,048,901 shares of common stock issued upon vesting of RSUs, including 557,988 shares of common stock withheld to cover statutory taxes upon such vesting, which are reflected in treasury stock, discussed below.

Treasury stock

As of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company held shares of treasury stock of 1,791,186 and 1,233,198, with a cost of \$6,368 and \$3,272, respectively.

The Company's share-based incentive plans allow employees the option to either make cash payment or forfeit shares of common stock upon vesting to satisfy federal and state statutory tax withholding obligations associated with equity awards. The forfeited shares of common stock may be taken into treasury stock by the Company or sold on the open market. For the nine months ended September 30, 2019, 557,988 shares of common stock were withheld to cover statutory taxes owed by certain employees for this purpose, all of which were taken into treasury stock. See Note 10, *Share-based compensation*.

Warrants

As of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, warrants to purchase an aggregate of 2,398,776 and 2,498,776 shares of common stock were outstanding, respectively, with exercise prices ranging from \$3.75 to \$6.00 per share.

On July 9, 2018 the Company entered into First Amendments (the "First Amendments") to the Amendments to Warrants and Agreements to Exercise ("Amended Whitehorse Warrants") with (i) H.I.G. Whitehorse SMA ABF, L.P. regarding 46,667 warrants to purchase common stock of the Company, par value \$0.0005 per share, at an exercise price of \$3.00 per share; (ii) H.I.G. Whitehorse SMA Holdings I, LLC regarding 66,666 warrants to purchase common stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$3.00 per share; and (iii) Whitehorse Finance, Inc. regarding 186,667 warrants to purchase common stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$3.00 per share; and (iii) Whitehorse Finance, Inc. regarding 186,667 warrants to purchase common stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$3.00 per share. In November 2017, the Amended Whitehorse Warrants were exercised and the Company issued an aggregate of 300,000 shares of common stock of the Company (the "Warrant Shares") to the warrant holders. Pursuant to the First Amendments, the warrant holders have the right, but not the obligation, to require the Company to purchase from these warrant holders the 300,000 Warrant Shares at \$3.8334 per share (the "Put Right"), which may be exercised during the period commencing January 1, 2019 and ending December 15, 2019. In accordance with ASC 480, *Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity*, the Put Right should be classified within other current liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets when the market price of the Company's common stock is lower than the exercise price of \$3.8334 per share. As of March 31, 2019, the last reported sale price of the Company's common stock was higher than the exercise price, resulting in the reclassification of the Put Right totaling \$1,150 from other current liabilities to equity. However, as of September 30, 2019, the last reported sale price of the Company's common stock was lower than the exercise price of the Company's common stock was lower than the exercise price of the Company's common stock was lower than

10. Share-based compensation

As of September 30, 2019, the Company maintains two share-based incentive plans: the Cogint, Inc. 2015 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2015 Plan") and the Fluent, Inc. 2018 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2018 Plan") which, combined, authorize the issuance of 21,178,330 shares of common stock. As of September 30, 2019, there were 3,614,784 shares of common stock reserved for issuance under the 2018 Plan. The primary purpose of the plans is to attract, retain, reward and motivate certain individuals by providing them with opportunities to acquire or increase their ownership interests in the Company.

Spin-off of Red Violet

On March 8, 2018, the Company's Compensation Committee approved the acceleration (the "Acceleration") of stock options, RSUs and restricted stock held by certain employees, consultants and directors, including only those employees who were to continue with Red Violet upon completion of the Spin-off, subject to such employees still being employed or providing services on March 12, 2018 (the "Acceleration Date"). An aggregate of 5,157,998 shares were accelerated, including 47,500 stock options, 4,960,498 RSUs (inclusive of 500,000 shares to Marlin Capital and 2,500,000 to Michael Brauser), and 150,000 shares of restricted stock. Share-based compensation expense of \$14,667 resulting from the Acceleration was recognized in loss on disposal of discontinued operations during the first quarter of 2018.

In connection with the Spin-off of Red Violet, common stock awards comprised of an aggregate of 304,000 shares were granted to certain employees of Red Violet ("Spin-off Grants") during the first quarter of 2018, and related share-based compensation expense of \$881 was recognized in loss on disposal of discontinued operations. Additionally, an aggregate of 2,041,000 shares of common stock, subject to deferred delivery over a three-year period, were granted to certain Fluent employees as a result of the Spin-off ("Transaction Grants"), and related share-based compensation expense of \$5,409 was recognized in costs and expenses as part of the Spin-off transaction costs during the first quarter of 2018.

In total, share-based compensation expense of \$15,548, resulting from the Acceleration and Spin-off Grants in connection with the Spin-off was recognized in loss on disposal of discontinued operations during the first quarter of 2018. See Note 3, *Discontinued operations*.

Stock options

On January 31, 2019, the Compensation Committee of the Company's Board of Directors approved the grant of stock options to certain Company officers, which were issued on February 1, 2019 under the 2018 Plan. Subject to continuing service, 50% of the shares subject to these stock options will vest if the Company's stock price remains above 125% of the exercise price for 20 consecutive trading days, and the remaining 50% of the shares subject to these stock options will vest if the Company's stock price remains above 156.25% of the exercise price for 20 consecutive trading days; provided, that no shares will vest prior to the first anniversary of the grant date. As of September 30, 2019, the first condition has been met; therefore, subject to continuing service, 50% of the shares subject to these stock options will vest in full on such date. The fair value of the stock options granted was estimated at the trading day before the date of grant using a Monte Carlo simulation model. The range of the fair value of the stock options that were awarded is \$2.81 to \$2.86 per share. The key assumptions utilized to calculate the grant-date fair values for these awards are summarized below:

Key Assumptions	
Exercise price	\$ 4.72
Expected term (in years)	1.0 - 1.3
Expected volatility	65%
Dividend yield	%
Risk-free rate	2.61%

For the nine months ended September 30, 2019, details of stock option activity were as follows:

	Number of options	exe	Veighted average rcise price er share	Weighted average remaining contractual term (in years)	00	regate ic value
Outstanding as of December 31, 2018	112,000	\$	13.98	2.8	\$	
Granted	2,064,000	\$	4.72	9.3		
Forfeited	(56,000)	\$	4.72			
Outstanding as of September 30, 2019	2,120,000	\$	5.21	9.0	\$	
Options exercisable as of September 30, 2019	112,000	\$	13.98	2.1	\$	

The aggregate intrinsic value amounts in the table above represent the difference between the closing price of the Company's common stock at the end of the reporting period and the corresponding exercise prices, multiplied by the number of in-the-money stock options as of the same date.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, compensation expense recognized for stock options of \$1,250 and \$3,353, respectively, was recorded in sales and marketing and general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of operations. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, compensation expense recognized for stock options of \$0 and \$243, respectively, was recorded in discontinued operations in the consolidated statements of operations. As of September 30, 2019, there was \$2,339 of unrecognized share-based compensation with respect to outstanding stock options.

Restricted stock units and restricted stock

For the nine months ended September 30, 2019, details of unvested RSU and restricted stock activity were as follows:

		-	ed average -date fair
	Number of units	v	alue
Unvested as of December 31, 2018	3,831,965	\$	7.95
Granted	2,119,628	\$	4.93
Vested and delivered	(1,490,913)	\$	4.00
Withheld as treasury stock (1)	(557,988)	\$	4.16
Vested not delivered (2)	112,582	\$	4.75
Forfeited	(221,047)	\$	3.59
Unvested as of September 30, 2019	3,794,227	\$	7.66

(1) As discussed in Note 9, the increase in treasury stock was due to shares withheld to cover statutory withholding taxes upon the delivery of shares following vesting of RSUs and issuance of restricted stock. As of September 30, 2019, there were 1,791,186 outstanding shares of treasury stock.

(2) Vested not delivered represents vested RSUs with delivery deferred to a future time. For the nine months ended September 30, 2019, there was a net decrease of 112,582 shares included in vested not delivered as a result of the delivery of Spin-off Grants of 740,334 shares, partially offset by the net activity from vesting of RSUs with deferred delivery of 627,752 shares. As of September 30, 2019, there were 2,797,335 outstanding RSUs included in vested not delivered.

The Company recognized compensation (included in sales and marketing, product development, general and administrative and discontinued operations in the consolidated statements of operations, and intangible assets in the consolidated balance sheets) for RSUs and restricted stock of \$1,562 and \$2,675 for the three months ended and \$4,733 and \$27,871 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The fair value of the RSUs and restricted stock was estimated using the closing prices of the Company's common stock on the dates of grant.

As of September 30, 2019, unrecognized share-based compensation expense associated with the granted RSUs and stock options amounted to \$14,668, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.5 years.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, share-based compensation for the Company's stock option, RSU, common stock and restricted stock awards were allocated to the following accounts in the consolidated financial statements:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nin	e Months Ei 3	nded 0,	September		
		2019		2019		2018	2019		2018	
Sales and marketing	\$	292	\$	717	\$	821	\$	2,125		
Product development		278		136		800		487		
General and administrative		2,220		1,741		6,398		3,835		
Spin-off transaction costs				—				5,409		
Discontinued operations								15,713		
Total share-based compensation expense		2,790		2,594		8,019		27,569		
Capitalized in intangible assets of continuing operations		22		81		67		364		
Capitalized in intangible assets of discontinued operations		_						181		
Total share-based compensation	\$	2,812	\$	2,675	\$	8,086	\$	28,114		

11. Segment information

The Company identifies operating segments as components of an entity for which discrete financial information is available and is regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker ("CODM") in making decisions regarding resource allocation and performance assessment. The profitability measure employed by CODM is segment (loss) income from operations. As of September 30, 2019, the Company has two operating segments and two corresponding reporting units, "Fluent" and "All Other," and one reportable segment. "All Other" represents three months of operating results of AdParlor, LLC, a digital advertising solution for social media buying (see Note 14 *Business Acquisition*) and is included for purposes of reconciliation of the respective balances below to the consolidated financial statements. "Fluent," for the purposes of segment reporting, represents the consolidated operating results of the Company excluding "All Other."

Summarized financial information concerning the Company's segments is shown in the following tables below:

	Th	Three Months Ended September 30,			Ni		Ended September 30,		
		2019		2018	2019			2018	
Fluent segment revenue:									
United States	\$	54,959	\$	59,360	\$	177,080	\$	162,193	
International		7,953		7,175		22,953		17,266	
Fluent segment revenue	\$	62,912	\$	66,535	\$	200,033	\$	179,459	
All Other segment revenue:									
United States	\$	1,339	\$		\$	1,339	\$	_	
International		301		—		301		—	
All Other segment revenue	\$	1,640	\$		\$	1,640	\$		
Segment (loss) income from operations:									
Fluent	\$	(2,581)	\$	6,344	\$	2,689	\$	7,758	
All Other		(163) —		— (163		3) —			
Total (loss) income from operations		(2,744)		6,344		2,526		7,758	
Interest expense, net		(1,719)		(1,882)		(5,264)		(6,209)	
(Loss) income before income taxes from continuing operations	\$	(4,463)	\$	4,462	\$	(2,738)	\$	1,549	

	_	September 30 2019	D	ecember 31 2018
Total assets:				
Fluent	\$	287,515	\$	293,269
All Other		23,153		—
Total assets	\$	310,668	\$	293,269

12. Related party transactions

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, material related party transactions were as follows:

Business Consulting Agreement

Pursuant to a Business Consulting Agreement, Marlin Capital Investments, LLC, an affiliate of Michael Brauser, the Company's Executive Chairman prior to the Spin-off, held RSUs representing the right to receive 2,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock, for consulting services provided by Marlin Capital. These RSUs were to vest annually beginning from October 13, 2015 only if certain performance goals of the Company were met. The shares underlying such RSUs would not have been delivered until October 13, 2018, unless there was a change of control of the Company, termination of the agreement by the Company without cause, or termination of the agreement by Marlin Capital for good reason. The Company determined the performance goals were met as of December 31, 2016. For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, share-based compensation expense of negative \$1,792, as a result of the revaluation of the fair value of RSUs granted, was recognized in general and administrative expenses in association with shares under the Marlin Capital agreement. On March 12, 2018, the Company terminated the Business Consulting Agreement. The unvested 500,000 shares were accelerated and the related share-based compensation expense of \$906,000 was recognized fully in loss on disposal of discontinued operations during the first quarter of 2018.

Promissory Notes

On December 8, 2015, the Company entered into the Promissory Notes, with an interest rate of 10% per annum, with certain investors, for aggregate financing of \$10.0 million, consisting of \$5.0 million from Frost Gamma, \$4.0 million from Michael Brauser and \$1.0 million from another investor. During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company repaid \$533, \$426 and \$107 to Frost Gamma, Michael Brauser and another investor, respectively. On March 26, 2018, as part of the Refinancing associated with the Spin-off of Red Violet, the principal amounts plus accrued PIK interest of the Promissory Notes owing to Frost Gamma, Michael Brauser and such other investor, of \$5,713, \$4,570 and \$1,143, respectively, were fully repaid.

Consulting Agreement

On September 6, 2017, the Company entered into a Consulting Agreement with Michael Brauser, effective as of June 23, 2017, for a term of four years, under which Mr. Brauser served as a strategic advisor to the Company but received no salary for such services. In consideration for Mr. Brauser's services, the Consulting Agreement provided for continued vesting of all outstanding RSUs granted to Mr. Brauser under the Brauser Employment Agreement. For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, share-based compensation expense of \$302 associated with the Consulting Agreement was recognized in general and administrative expenses. In addition, upon the Acceleration, the remaining unvested 2,500,000 shares were accelerated and related share-based compensation expense of \$6,468 was recognized in loss on disposal of discontinued operations during the first quarter of 2018. The Consulting Agreement was terminated upon the Spin-off of Red Violet.

13. Contingencies

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is subject to loss contingencies that cover a range of matters. An estimated loss from a loss contingency, such as a legal proceeding or claim, is accrued if it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In determining whether a loss should be accrued, the Company evaluates, among other factors, the degree of probability and the ability to reasonably estimate the amount of any such loss.

On October 26, 2018, the Company received a subpoena from the New York Attorney General's Office ("NY AG") regarding compliance with New York Executive Law § 63(12) and New York General Business Law § 349, as they relate to the collection, use, or disclosure of information from or about consumers or individuals submitted to the Federal Communication Commission ("FCC") in connection with the FCC's rulemaking proceeding captioned "Restoring Internet Freedom," WC Docket No. 17-108. On December 13, 2018, the Company received a subpoena from the United States Department of Justice ("DOJ") regarding the same issue. The Company has been fully cooperating with both the NY AG and the DOJ and is responding to the subpoenas. At this time, it is not possible to determine the duration or disposition of either matter. As such, the Company is unable to make a meaningful estimate of the amount or range of loss, if any, that could result from an unfavorable outcome.

On June 27, 2019, as a part of a sales and use tax audit, the New York State Department of Taxation and Finance (the "Tax Department") issued a letter stating its position that revenue derived from certain of the Company's customer acquisition data services is subject to sales tax, as an information service. The Company believes this revenue should not be subject to sales tax in New York State because it is either an excluded advertising service or an information service not subject to sales tax in New York State, and the Company has responded to the Tax Department outlining this position. The determination as to whether such revenue is deemed a taxable information service and, if taxable, the amount of any taxes owed and the periods for which they may be owed is complex and fact-intensive, and the law in this area is unsettled. Given these uncertainties, the Company believes that it is reasonably possible that a sales tax liability may result from an unfavorable outcome in this matter, but it is unable to estimate the amount or range of any such liability at this time.

14. Business Acquisition

On July 1, 2019, two wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company, AdParlor, LLC (formerly known as AdParlor Acquisition, LLC), a Delaware limited liability company, and Fluent Media Canada, Inc., a British Columbia company (together with AdParlor, LLC, each a "Buyer" and collectively "Buyers"), completed the acquisition of substantially all of the assets of AdParlor Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("AdParlor Holdings"), AdParlor International, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("AdParlor Media US"), and AdParlor Media ULC, a British Columbia unlimited liability company (together with AdParlor Holdings, AdParlor International and AdParlor Media US"), and AdParlor Media ULC, a British Columbia unlimited liability company (together with AdParlor Holdings, AdParlor International and AdParlor Media US, each a "Seller" and collectively "Sellers") pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") dated June 17, 2019, by and among Buyers, Sellers and the parent of the Sellers, v2 Ventures Group LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "AdParlor Acquisition"). The purpose of the acquisition was to expand the Company's performance-based marketing capabilities. In accordance with ASU 2017-01, *Business Combinations (Topic 805): Clarifying the Definition of a Business*, the Company determined that the AdParlor Acquisition constituted the purchase of a business.

At closing, the Buyers paid to Sellers cash consideration of \$7,302, net of adjustments for working capital and indebtedness, and issued a promissory note to Sellers with a present value of \$2,350 in exchange for substantially all of the assets of Sellers. This promissory note is guaranteed by Fluent, LLC, and will not accrue interest except in the case of default, is payable in two equal installments on the first and second anniversaries of the date of closing and is subject to setoff in respect of certain indemnity and other matters. See Note 7, *Long-term debt, net* for further detail. For the nine months ended September 30, 2019, the Company incurred transaction-related expenses of \$448 in connection with the AdParlor Acquisition, which it recorded in general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of operations.

The following table summarizes the preliminary fair values of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed at the closing date:

	Jul	y 1, 2019
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	56
Accounts receivable		7,835
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		54
Property and equipment, net		138
Intangible assets, net		4,700
Goodwill		4,983
Other non-current assets		28
Accounts payable		(7,691)
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		(418)
Deferred revenue		(33)
Total assets acquired	\$	9,652

The preliminary fair values of the identifiable intangible assets and goodwill acquired at the closing date are as follows:

	Fair Value	Weighted Average Amortization Period (Years)
Trade name & trademarks	\$ 300	4
Developed technology	2,100	4
Customer relationships	2,300	6
Goodwill	4,983	
Total intangible assets, net	\$ 9,683	

With the assistance of a third-party valuation firm, the fair value of the acquired customer relationships was determined using the excess earnings method, a variation of the income approach, while the fair value of the acquired developed technology, trade names and trademarks were determined using the relief from royalty method of the income approach. The amount of the purchase price in excess of the fair value of the net assets acquired was recorded as goodwill and primarily relates to intangible assets that do not qualify for separate recognition, including assembled workforce and synergies. For tax purposes, the goodwill is deductible over 15 years. The purchase accounting process has not been completed primarily because the valuation of acquired assets and liabilities assumed has not been finalized. The Company expects to complete the purchase accounting as soon as practicable but no later than one year from the acquisition date. The Company does not believe there will be material adjustments.

15. Subsequent events

On November 8, 2019, Fluent, LLC entered into Amendment No. 9 to Credit Agreement (the "Amendment"), among Fluent, LLC, as Borrower, the Company, certain subsidiaries of the Company party thereto, the financial institutions party thereto, as lenders, and Whitehorse Finance, Inc., as Administrative Agent, amending the term loan facility originally dated as of December 8, 2015. The Amendment, among other things, modified certain financial covenants of the Company and increased the interest rate by 0.50% during any period when the total leverage ratio (as defined in the Credit Agreement) exceeds 2.5.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

You should read the following discussion in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 ("PSLRA"), Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, (the "Exchange Act"), about our expectations, beliefs, or intentions regarding our business, financial condition, results of operations, strategies, the outcome of litigation, or prospects. You can identify forward-looking statements by the fact that these statements do not relate strictly to historical or current matters. Rather, forward-looking statements relate to anticipated or expected events, activities, trends, or results as of the date they are made. Because forward-looking statements relate to matters that have not yet occurred, these statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual results to differ materially from any future results expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Many factors could cause our actual activities or results to differ materially from the activities and results anticipated in forward-looking statements. These factors include those contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, as well as the disclosures made in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 filed on March 18, 2019 ("2018 Form 10-K"), and other filings we make with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). We do not undertake any obligation to update forward-looking statements are only predictions and reflect our views as of the date they are made with respect to future events and financial performance.

Overview

Fluent, Inc. ("we," "us," "our," "Fluent," or the "Company"), is an industry leader in data-driven digital marketing services. We primarily perform customer acquisition services by operating highly-scalable digital marketing campaigns, through which we connect our advertiser clients with consumers they are seeking to reach. We deliver data and performance-based marketing executions to our clients, which in 2018 included over 500 consumer brands, direct marketers and agencies across a wide range of industries, including Financial Services, Retail & Consumer, Media & Entertainment, Staffing & Recruitment and Marketing Services.

We attract consumers at scale to our owned digital media properties primarily through promotional offerings and employment opportunities. On average, our websites receive over 900,000 first-party user registrations daily, which include users' names, contact information and opt-in permission to present them with offers on behalf of our clients. According to comScore, we reach 13% of the U.S. digital population on a monthly basis through our owned media properties. Nearly 90% of these users engage with our media on their mobile devices or tablets. Our always-on, real-time capabilities enable users to access our media whenever and wherever they choose.

Once users have registered with our sites, we integrate proprietary direct marketing technologies to engage them with surveys, polls and other experiences, through which we learn about their lifestyles, preferences and purchasing histories. Based on these insights, we serve targeted, relevant offers to them on behalf of our clients. As new users register and engage with our sites and existing registrants re-engage, we believe the enrichment of our database enables expansion of our addressable client base and improves the effectiveness of our performance-based campaigns.

Since our inception, we have amassed a large, proprietary database of first-party, self-declared user information and preferences. We have permission to contact the majority of users in our database through multiple channels, such as email, home address, telephone, push notifications and SMS text messaging. We leverage our data primarily to serve advertisements that we believe will be relevant to users based on the information they have provided. We have also begun to leverage our existing database into new revenue streams, including utilization-based models, such as programmatic advertising, as well as services-based models, such as marketing research and insights.

Third Quarter Financial Summary

Three months ended September 30, 2019 compared to three months ended September 30, 2018:

- Revenue decreased 3% to \$64.6 million, from \$66.5 million.
- Net loss from continuing operations was \$4.5 million, or \$0.06 per share, compared to net income from continuing operations of \$4.5 million or \$0.06 per share.
- Media margin decreased 17% to \$21.3 million, from \$25.8 million, representing 33.0% of revenue.
- Adjusted EBITDA decreased 65% to \$4.3 million, based on net loss from continuing operations of \$4.5 million, from \$12.4 million, based on a net income from continuing operations of \$4.5 million.
- Adjusted net loss was \$1.0 million, or \$0.01 per share, which was a decrease of \$8.2 million from adjusted net income of \$7.2 million, or \$0.09 per share.

Nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared to nine months ended September 30, 2018:

- Revenue increased 12% to \$201.7 million, from \$179.5 million.
- Net loss from continuing operations was \$2.7 million, or \$0.03 per share, compared to net income from continuing operations of \$1.5 million (inclusive of spin-off transaction costs of \$7.7 million), or \$ 0.02 per share.
- Net loss from discontinued operations was \$0.0 million, compared to \$21.1 million.
- Media margin remained relatively flat at \$67.3 million, from \$67.1 million, representing 33.4% of revenue.
- Adjusted EBITDA decreased 30% to \$23.2 million, based on net loss from continuing operations of \$2.7 million, from \$32.9 million, based on net income from continuing operations of \$1.5 million.
- Adjusted net income was \$7.7 million, or \$0.10 per share, which was a decrease of \$9.1 million from \$16.7 million, or \$0.22 per share.

Media margin, adjusted EBITDA and adjusted net (loss) income are non-GAAP financial measures.

Definitions, Reconciliations and Uses of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We report the following non-GAAP measures:

Media margin is defined as revenue minus cost of revenue (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) attributable to variable costs paid for media and related expenses. Media margin is also presented as percentage of revenue.

Adjusted EBITDA is defined as net (loss) income from continuing operations, excluding (1) income taxes, (2) interest expense, net, (3) depreciation and amortization, (4) write-off of long-lived assets, (5) share-based compensation expense, (6) acquisition-related costs, (7) restructuring and certain severance costs, (8) certain litigation and other related costs, and (9) one-time items.

Adjusted net (loss) income is defined as net (loss) income from continuing operations, excluding (1) write-off of long-lived assets, (2) share-based compensation expense, (3) acquisition-related costs, (4) restructuring and certain severance costs, (5) certain litigation and other related costs, and (6) one-time items. Adjusted net (loss) income per share is defined as adjusted net (loss) income per basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding. Adjusted net (loss) income is also presented on a per share (basic and diluted) basis.

Below is a reconciliation of media margin from net (loss) income from continuing operations, which we believe is the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

	Three Months Ended September 30,				N	ine Months En 30	ded September ,	
		2019		2018		2019	2018	
Net (loss) income from continuing operations	\$	(4,463)	\$	4,462	\$	(2,703)	\$ 1,549	
Income tax benefit				—		(35)	_	
Interest expense, net		1,719		1,882		5,264	6,209	
Spin-off transaction costs				—		—	7,708	
Write-off of long-lived assets		280				280		
Depreciation and amortization		3,642		3,352		10,265	10,021	
General and administrative		14,049		9,775		34,378	25,387	
Product development		2,040		1,680		6,485	3,556	
Sales and marketing		2,717		3,640		9,209	9,909	
Non-media cost of revenue (1)		1,323		1,011		4,159	2,767	
Media margin	\$	21,307	\$	25,802	\$	67,302	\$ 67,106	
Revenue	\$	64,552	\$	66,535	\$	201,673	\$ 179,459	
Media margin % of revenue		33.0%		38.8%	_	33.4%	 37.4%	

(1) Represents the portion of cost of revenue (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) not attributable to variable costs paid for media and related expenses.

Below is a reconciliation of adjusted EBITDA from net (loss) income from continuing operations, which we believe is the most directly comparable GAAP measure:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nir	ne Months Er 30	September	
		2019	2018		2019		2018	
Net (loss) income from continuing operations	\$	(4,463)	\$	4,462	\$	(2,703)	\$ 1,549	
Income tax benefit		—		—		(35)	_	
Interest expense, net		1,719		1,882		5,264	6,209	
Depreciation and amortization		3,642		3,352		10,265	10,021	
Write-off of long-lived assets		280				280		
Share-based compensation expense		2,790		2,594		8,019	11,856	
Acquisition-related costs				119		448	676	
Restructuring and certain severance costs				_		360	2,591	
Certain litigation and other related costs		375				1,091	46	
One-time items		—		—		168	_	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	4,343	\$	12,409	\$	23,157	\$ 32,948	

Below is a reconciliation of adjusted net (loss) income and the related measure of adjusted net (loss) income per share from net (loss) income from continuing operations, which we believe is the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Ni	ine Months Er 30		September		
(In thousands, except share data)		2019		2018		2019		2018		
Net (loss) income from continuing operations	\$	(4,463)	\$	4,462	\$	(2,703)	\$	1,549		
Write-off of long-lived assets		280		—		280				
Share-based compensation expense		2,790		2,594		8,019		11,856		
Acquisition-related costs		—		119		119		448		676
Restructuring and certain severance costs		—		—		—		360		2,591
Certain litigation and other related costs		375	—		- 1,091			46		
One-time items				—		168				
Adjusted net (loss) income		(1,018)	(1,018) 7,175		7,175 7,663		53 16,718			
Adjusted net (loss) income per share:										
Basic and diluted	\$	(0.01)	\$	0.09	\$	0.10	\$	0.22		
Weighted average number of shares outstanding:										
Basic and diluted		79,569,210		78,199,633		79,389,131		76,002,514		

We present media margin, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted net (loss) income and adjusted net (loss) income per share as supplemental measures of our financial and operating performance because we believe they provide useful information to investors. More specifically:

Media margin, as defined above, is a measure of the efficiency of the Company's operating model. We use media margin and the related measure of media margin as a percentage of revenue as primary metrics to measure the financial return on our media and related costs, specifically to measure the degree by which the revenue generated from our digital marketing services exceeds the cost to attract the consumers to whom offers are made through our services. Media margin is used extensively by our management to manage our operating performance, including evaluating operational performance against budgeted media margin and understanding the efficiency of our media and related expenditures. We also use media margin for performance evaluations and compensation decisions regarding certain personnel.

Adjusted EBITDA, as defined above, is another primary metric by which we evaluate the operating performance of our business, on which certain operating expenditures and internal budgets are based and by which, in addition to media margin and other factors, our senior management is compensated. The first three adjustments represent the conventional definition of EBITDA, and the remaining adjustments are items recognized and recorded under GAAP in particular periods but might be viewed as not necessarily coinciding with the underlying business operations for the periods in which they are so recognized and recorded. These adjustments include certain severance costs associated with department-specific reorganizations and certain litigation and other related costs associated with extraordinary legal matters. Items are considered one-time in nature if they are non-recurring, infrequent or unusual and have not occurred in the past two years or are not expected to recur in the next two years, in accordance with SEC rules. Adjusted EBITDA for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 excluded as one-time items \$0.2 million of costs associated with the move of our corporate headquarters. There were no other adjustments for one-time items in the periods presented.

Adjusted net (loss) income, as defined above, and the related measure of adjusted net (loss) income per share exclude certain items that are recognized and recorded under GAAP in particular periods but might be viewed as not necessarily coinciding with the underlying business operations for the periods in which they are so recognized and recorded. Adjusted net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 excluded as one-time items \$0.2 million of costs associated with the move of our corporate headquarters. There were no other adjustments for one-time items in the periods presented. We believe adjusted net (loss) income affords investors a different view of the overall financial performance of the Company than adjusted EBITDA and the GAAP measure of net (loss) income from continuing operations.

Media margin, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted net (loss) income and adjusted net (loss) income per share are not intended to be performance measures that should be regarded as an alternative to, or more meaningful than, net (loss) income from continuing operations as indicators of operating performance. None of these metrics are presented as measures of liquidity. The way we measure media margin, adjusted EBITDA and adjusted net (loss) income may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies and may not be identical to corresponding measures used in our various agreements.



Results of Operations

Three months ended September 30, 2019 compared to three months ended September 30, 2018

Revenue. Revenue decreased \$2.0 million, or 3%, to \$64.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019, from \$66.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018. The decrease was primarily attributable to a reduced supply of cost-effective media and associated traffic needed to service existing demand for our performance-based marketing services.

Cost of revenue (exclusive of depreciation and amortization). Cost of revenue increased \$2.8 million, or 7%, to \$44.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019, from \$41.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018. Our cost of revenue primarily consists of media and related costs associated with acquiring traffic from publishers and third-party intermediaries, such as advertising exchanges. We purchase media to acquire traffic for both our owned and operated websites and on behalf of third-party advertisers.

The total cost of revenue as a percentage of revenue increased to 69% for the three months ended September 30, 2019, compared to 63% in the corresponding period in 2018, as we incurred relatively higher costs of media in the 2019 period.

Sales and marketing expenses. Sales and marketing expenses decreased \$0.9 million, or 25%, to \$2.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019, from \$3.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018. For the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, the amounts consisted mainly of employee salaries and benefits of \$1.9 million and \$2.3 million, advertising costs of \$0.3 million and \$0.4 million, and non-cash share-based compensation expense of \$0.3 million and \$0.7 million, respectively.

Product development. Product development increased \$0.4 million, or 21%, to \$2.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019, from \$1.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018. For the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, the amounts consisted mainly of salaries and benefits of \$1.8 million and \$1.4 million, respectively. The increase in product development cost was the result of development and innovation of our existing offerings to consumers and advertisers, and development of new product offerings, including emerging data offerings.

General and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses increased \$4.3 million, or 44%, to \$14.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019, from \$9.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018. For the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, the amounts consisted mainly of employee salaries and benefits of \$5.6 million and \$4.8 million, provision for bad debts of \$1.9 million and \$0.2 million, non-cash share-based compensation expense of \$2.2 million and \$1.7 million, professional fees of \$1.4 million and \$1.3 million, and office overhead of \$1.0 million and \$0.6 million, respectively. The increase was mainly the result of higher provision for bad debt.

Depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization expenses increased \$0.3 million, or 9%, to \$3.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 from \$3.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018.

Write-off of long-lived assets. During the three months ended September 30, 2019, we recognized \$0.3 million of impairment loss related to software capitalized for internal use.

Interest expense, net. Interest expense, net, decreased \$0.2 million, or 9%, to \$1.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019, from \$1.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018. The decrease was mainly attributable to a lower average debt balance outstanding on the Refinanced Term Loan described below under "Liquidity and Capital Resources".

(Loss) income before income taxes from continuing operations. For the three months ended September 30, 2019, loss before income taxes from continuing operations was \$4.5 million, compared to income of \$4.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018. The change was primarily due to an increase in general and administrative expense of \$4.3 million, cost of revenue of \$2.8 million, sales and marketing of \$0.9 and product development of \$0.4 million, and the decrease in revenue of \$2.0 million, discussed above.

Income taxes. There was no income tax recorded for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018.

As of September 30, 2019 and 2018, we recorded a full valuation allowance against our net deferred tax assets. We intend to maintain a full valuation allowance against the net deferred tax assets until there is sufficient evidence to support the release of all or some portion of this allowance. Based on the our history of losses, current income from continuing operations, estimated future taxable income, exclusive of reversing temporary differences and carryforwards, future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences and consideration of available tax planning strategies, we believe there is a reasonable possibility that, within the next twelve months, sufficient positive evidence may become available to allow us to reach a conclusion that a significant portion of the valuation allowance may be released. Release of some or all of the valuation allowance would result in the recognition of certain deferred tax assets and an increase in deferred tax benefit for any period in which such a release may be recorded, however, the exact timing and amount of any valuation allowance release are subject to change, depending on the profitability that we are able to achieve and the net deferred tax assets available.

Net (loss) income. Net loss of \$4.5 million and net income of \$4.5 million was recognized for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, as a result of the foregoing.

Nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared to nine months ended September 30, 2018

Revenue. Revenue increased \$22.2 million, or 12% to \$201.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, from \$179.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. The increase was primarily attributable to higher demand for our performance-based marketing services.

Cost of revenue (exclusive of depreciation and amortization). Cost of revenue increased \$23.4 million, or 20%, to \$138.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, from \$115.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. Our cost of revenue primarily consists of media and related costs associated with acquiring traffic from publishers and third-party intermediaries, such as advertising exchanges. We purchase media to acquire traffic for both our owned and operated websites and on behalf of third-party advertisers.

The total cost of revenue as a percentage of revenue increased to 69% for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared to 64% in the corresponding period in 2018, as we incurred relatively higher costs of media in order to satisfy demand by clients for additional volume in the 2019 period.

Sales and marketing. Sales and marketing decreased \$0.7 million, or 7%, to \$9.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, from \$9.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. For the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, the amounts consisted mainly of employee salaries and benefits of \$6.6 million and \$6.0 million, advertising costs of \$1.1 million and \$1.2 million, and non-cash share-based compensation expense of \$0.8 million and \$2.1 million, respectively.

Product development. Product development increased \$2.9 million, or 82%, to \$6.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, from \$3.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. For the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, the amounts consisted primarily of employee salaries and benefits of \$5.4 million and \$2.8 million, respectively. The increase in product development costs was the result of development and innovation of our existing offerings to consumers and advertisers, and development of new product offerings, including emerging data offerings.

General and administrative. General and administrative increased \$9.0 million, or 35%, to \$34.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, from \$25.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. For the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, the amounts consisted mainly of employee salaries and benefits of \$13.5 million and \$12.3 million, non-cash share-based compensation expense of \$6.4 million and \$3.8 million, professional fees of \$4.5 million and \$3.5 million, office overhead of \$2.8 million and \$1.8 million and provision for bad debt of \$2.1 million and \$0.5 million, respectively. The increase was mainly the result of higher share-based compensation expense from stock options granted to certain officers as described in Note 10, *Share-based compensation*, in addition to higher provision for bad debt, employee salaries and benefits, office overhead, and professional fees.

During October 2019, the Company implemented two separate reductions in workforce that resulted in the termination of approximately 48 employees in aggregate. These reductions in workforce were implemented following management's determination to reduce headcount and decrease the Company's costs to more effectively align resources to the core business operations. In connection with these reductions in workforce, the Company will incur certain exit-related costs in the fourth quarter of 2019 and the first quarter of 2020, which are estimated to be \$1.5 million, consisting primarily of one-time termination benefits and associated costs, to be settled in cash by June 30, 2020. Apart from these exit-related costs, these reductions in workforce are expected to result in reductions in quarterly expenses.

Depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization remained relatively flat at \$10.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and \$10.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

Write-off of long-lived assets. During the nine months ended September 30, 2019, we recognized \$0.3 million of impairment loss related to software capitalized for internal use.

Spin-off transaction costs. During the first quarter of 2018, in connection with the Spin-off of Red Violet, an aggregate of \$7.7 million was recognized in costs and expenses as Spin-off transaction costs, including non-cash share-based compensation expense of \$5.4 million, as a result of the 2,041,000 shares of Transaction Grants and employee cash compensation of \$2.3 million.

Interest expense, net. Interest expense, net, decreased \$0.9 million, or 15%, to \$5.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, from \$6.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 due to a lower average debt balance outstanding and a decline in our effective interest rate under our Refinanced Term Loan described below under "Liquidity and Capital Resources".

(Loss) income before income taxes from continuing operations. For the nine months ended September 30, 2019, loss before income taxes from continuing operations was \$2.7 million, compared to income before income taxes from continuing operations of \$1.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. This change was primarily due an increase in cost of revenue of \$23.4 million, general and administrative of \$9.0 million and product development of \$2.9 million, partially offset by an increase in revenue of \$22.2 million, the one-time Spin-off transaction costs of \$7.7 million (including non-cash compensation share-based compensation expenses of \$5.4 million) incurred during the first quarter of 2018 and a decrease in sales and marketing expense of \$0.7, discussed above.

Income taxes. Income tax benefit was \$35 thousand and \$0 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Our effective tax rate was 1% and 0% for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

As of September 30, 2019 and 2018, we recorded a full valuation allowance against our net deferred tax assets. We intend to maintain a full valuation allowance against the net deferred tax assets until there is sufficient evidence to support the release of all or some portion of this allowance. Based on the our history of losses, current income from continuing operations, estimated future taxable income, exclusive of reversing temporary differences and carryforwards, future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences and consideration of available tax planning strategies, we believe there is a reasonable possibility that, within the next twelve months, sufficient positive evidence may become available to allow us to reach a conclusion that a significant portion of the valuation allowance may be released. Release of some or all of the valuation allowance would result in the recognition of certain deferred tax assets and an increase in deferred tax benefit for any period in which such a release may be recorded, however, the exact timing and amount of any valuation allowance release are subject to change, depending on the profitability that we are able to achieve and the net deferred tax assets available.

Net loss from discontinued operations. On March 26, 2018, we completed the Spin-off of Red Violet and the results of Red Violet through this date are reflected as discontinued operations. For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, we had net losses from discontinued operations of \$21.1 million. This amount consists primarily of the one-time loss on disposal of discontinued operations of \$19.0 million, which was primarily comprised of non-cash items of \$16.0 million, such as share-based compensation expense and write-off of unamortized debt costs in connection with the Spin-off, and cash items of \$3.0 million, including spin-off related professional fees and employee compensation. There were no comparable discontinued operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2019. See Note 3, *Discontinued operations*, included in Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, for details.

Net (loss) income. Net loss of \$2.7 million and net loss of \$19.6 million were recognized for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, as a result of the foregoing.

Effect of Inflation

The rates of inflation experienced in recent years have had no material impact on our financial statements. We attempt to recover increased costs by increasing prices for our services, to the extent permitted by contracts and the competitive environment within our industry.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash flows provided by operating activities. Net cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$26.6 million and \$22.5 million, respectively, which was mainly the result of net loss from continuing operations of \$2.7 million compared to net income of \$1.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, adjusted for certain non-cash items, such as depreciation and amortization and share-based compensation expense, of an aggregate \$21.6 million and \$23.5 million, respectively. In addition, net working capital decreased by \$6.3 million and \$3.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Net cash used in operating activities from discontinued operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$0.0 million and \$5.8 million, respectively.

As a result of the foregoing, net cash provided by operating activities was \$26.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, compared to \$16.6 million for the same period in 2018.

Cash flows used in investing activities. For the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, net cash used in investing activities was \$11.2 million and \$22.2 million, respectively, which was mainly comprised of net cash used in investing activities from continuing operations of \$11.2 million and \$20.8 million, and net cash used in investing activities from discontinued operations of \$0.0 million and \$1.4 million, respectively.

The decrease in net cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and September 30, 2018 was mainly due to capital contributed to Red Violet of \$19.7 million related to the Spin-off during the first quarter of 2018, with no comparable contribution in the current year, partially offset by cash paid for the AdParlor Acquisition in the amount of \$7.3 million in the current year.

Cash flows (used in) provided by financing activities. Net cash used in financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 of \$8.9 million was due to repayments related to the Refinanced Term Loan of \$5.9 million and statutory taxes paid related to the net share settlement of vested restricted stock units of \$3.1 million. Net cash provided by financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 of \$6.4 million was the result of net proceeds of a registered direct offering in January 2018 of \$13.4 million and the net proceeds from the Refinanced Term Loan of \$67.2 million, which were largely offset with the repayments of the principal balance of Term Loans and Promissory Notes of \$72.2 million in March 2018 and statutory taxes paid related to the net share settlement of vested restricted stock units of \$2.0 million.

As of September 30, 2019, we had noncancelable operating lease commitments of \$13.7 million and long-term debt which had \$57.0 million principal balance. For the nine months ended September 30, 2019, we funded our operations using available cash.

As of September 30, 2019, we had cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash of approximately \$25.7 million, an increase of \$6.5 million from \$19.2 million as of December 31, 2018, mainly as a result of cash provided by operations. We believe that we will have sufficient cash resources to finance our operations and expected capital expenditures for the next twelve months.

We may explore the possible acquisition of businesses, products and/or technologies that are complementary to our existing business. We are continuing to identify and prioritize additional technologies, which we may wish to develop internally or through licensing or acquisition from third parties. While we may engage from time to time in discussions with respect to potential acquisitions, there can be no assurances that any such acquisitions will be made or that we will be able to successfully integrate any acquired business. In order to finance such acquisitions and working capital, it may be necessary for us to raise additional funds through public or private financings. Any equity or debt financings, if available at all, may be on terms which are not favorable to us and, in the case of equity financings, may result in dilution to shareholders. On July 1, 2019, we acquired substantially all of the assets of AdParlor Holdings, Inc. and certain affiliates for \$7.3 million in cash using cash on hand and a \$2.4 million promissory note to the sellers. See Note 14, *Business Acquisition*, in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

On March 26, 2018, in connection with the Spin-off of Red Violet, we refinanced and fully repaid the existing Term Loans and the Promissory Notes of an aggregate amount of \$67.1 million with the Refinanced Term Loan in the amount of \$70.0 million. As of September 30, 2019, the Refinanced Term Loan has an outstanding principal balance of \$57.2 million and matures on March 26, 2023. The Credit Agreement, along with the related Amendment No. 6 governing the Refinanced Term Loan and subsequent amendments, contain restrictive covenants which impose limitations on the way we conduct our business, including limitations on the amount of additional debt we are able to incur and our ability to make certain investments and other restricted payments. The restrictive covenants and prepayment penalties in the Credit Agreement, as amended, may limit our strategic and financing options and our ability to return capital to our shareholders through dividends or stock buybacks. Furthermore, we may need to incur additional debt to meet future financing needs.

The Refinanced Term Loan is guaranteed by us and our direct and indirect subsidiaries and is secured by substantially all of our assets and those of our direct and indirect subsidiaries, including Fluent, LLC, in each case, on an equal and ratable basis. The Refinanced Term Loan accrues interest at the rate of either, at Fluent's option, (a) LIBOR (subject to a floor of 0.50%) plus 7.00% per annum, or (b) base rate (generally equivalent to the U.S. prime rate) plus 6.0% per annum, payable in cash. Principal amortization of the Refinanced Term Loan is \$0.9 million per quarter, commencing with the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2018. The Refinanced Term Loan matures on March 26, 2023.

The Credit Agreement, as amended, requires us to maintain and comply with certain financial and other covenants, commencing with the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2018. While we were in compliance with the financial and other covenants at September 30, 2019, we cannot assure that we will be able to maintain compliance with such financial or other covenants. Our failure to comply with these covenants could result in an event of default which, if not cured or waived, could result in the acceleration of all of our indebtedness, which would materially adversely affect our financial health if we are unable to access sufficient funds to repay all the outstanding amounts. Moreover, if we are unable to meet our debt obligations as they come due, we could be forced to restructure or refinance such obligations, seek additional equity financing or sell assets, which we may not be able to do on satisfactory terms, or at all. In addition, the Credit Agreement includes certain prepayment provisions, including mandatory quarterly prepayments of the Refinanced Term Loan with a portion of our excess cash flow and prepayment penalties if we prepay the Refinanced Term Loan before the fourth anniversary of Amendment No. 6. As long as the Refinanced Term Loan remains outstanding, the restrictive covenants and mandatory quarterly prepayment provisions and prepayment penalties could impair our ability to expand or pursue our business strategies or obtain additional funding.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of September 30, 2019, we did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements, as defined in Item 303(a)(4)(ii) of Regulation S-K.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("US GAAP"). The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We periodically evaluate our estimates, including those related to revenue recognition, allowance for doubtful receivables, lease commitments, useful lives of intangible assets, recoverability of the carrying amounts of goodwill and intangible assets, share-based compensation and income taxes. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

During the three months ended September 30, 2019, the Company determined that its declining operating results, along with a decline in the market value of its publicly traded stock, constituted a triggering event. As such, the Company conducted an interim test of the fair value of its goodwill for potential impairment. Based on the results of this interim impairment test, which used a combination of income and market approaches to determine the fair value of the Fluent reporting unit, the Company concluded that, as of September 30, 2019, its goodwill was not impaired. The results of its interim impairment test indicated that the estimated fair value of the reporting unit exceeded its carrying value by approximately 12%. The Company believes that the assumptions utilized in its interim impairment testing, including the determination of an appropriate discount rate of 12.5%, long-term profitability growth projections, and estimated future cash flows, are reasonable. The risk of future impairment of its \$159.8 million of goodwill exists if actual results; such as lower than expected revenue, profitability, cash flows, market multiples, discount rates and control premiums, differ from the assumptions used in the Company's interim impairment test. In addition, a sustained decline in the market value of its publicly traded stock could impact the Company's fair value assessment.

For additional information, please refer to our 2018 Form 10-K. There have been no additional material changes to Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates disclosed in the 2018 Form 10-K.

Recently issued accounting and adopted standards

See Note 1(b), "Recently issued and adopted accounting standards," in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Not applicable.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of September 30, 2019. We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Our management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives and management necessarily applies its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

Based on the evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934), the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of September 30, 2019. As described below and as previously reported in our 2018 Form 10-K, in connection with management's assessment of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting at the end of our last fiscal year, management identified a material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2018, which is in the process of being remediated as of September 30, 2019.

Notwithstanding the identified material weakness, management believes the consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q fairly represent in all material respects our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows at and for the periods presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Previously Identified Material Weakness

In connection with the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 included in the Company's 2018 Form 10-K, management identified a material weakness related to internal control deficiencies over the revenue recognition process; specifically, an aggregation of control deficiencies related to inadequate segregation of duties, significant deficiencies within our information technology general controls, and ineffective manual preventative and detective controls.

Remediation Efforts to Address Material Weakness

With the oversight of management and the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors, we have designed a remediation plan to remediate the underlying causes of the material weakness described above. We plan to revise the process by which we confirm revenues with our clients prior to invoicing and plan to streamline the protocols for communicating and obtaining satisfactory validation of revenues. Additionally, we are currently implementing an enterprise resource planning solution, which we believe will streamline processes and facilitate appropriate internal controls over our financial reporting. Our remediation plan is currently in process, and management may determine to enhance existing controls and/or implement additional controls as the implementation progresses.

As part of our ongoing monitoring effort of our internal control over financial reporting, we will report the progress and status of the above remediation efforts to the Audit Committee on a periodic basis throughout the year. Once placed in operation for a sufficient period of time, we will subject these process changes to appropriate tests, in order to determine whether they are operating effectively.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Except as noted above, there were no changes to our internal control over financial reporting during this quarter ended September 30, 2019 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

On July 1, 2019, we acquired substantially all of the assets of AdParlor Holdings, LLC and certain of its affiliates, as described in Note 14, *Business Acquisition*. As permitted by the SEC Staff interpretive guidance for newly acquired businesses, management's assessment of our internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2019 did not include an assessment of those disclosure controls and procedures that are subsumed by internal control over financial reporting as it relates to the AdParlor Acquisition. We will continue the process of implementing internal controls over financial reporting for the AdParlor business. As of September 30, 2019, assets excluded from management's assessment totaled \$23 million and contributed less than 3% of revenue to our consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019.



PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

Other than as disclosed below under "—Certain Legal Matters," the Company is not currently a party to any legal proceeding, investigation or claim which, in the opinion of the management, is likely to have a material adverse effect on the business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. Legal fees associated with legal proceedings are expensed as incurred. We review legal proceedings and claims on an ongoing basis and follow appropriate accounting guidance, including ASC 450, when making accrual and disclosure decisions. We establish accruals for those contingencies where the incurrence of a loss is probable and can be reasonably estimated, and we disclose the amount accrued and the amount of a reasonably possible loss in excess of the amount accrued, if such disclosure is necessary for our financial statements to not be misleading. To estimate whether a loss contingency should be accrued by a charge to income, we evaluate, among other factors, the probability of an unfavorable outcome and the ability to make a reasonable estimate of the amount of the loss. We do not record liabilities when the likelihood that the liability has been incurred is probable, but the amount cannot be reasonably estimated.

In addition, we may be involved in litigation from time to time in the ordinary course of business. We do not believe that the ultimate resolution of any such matters will have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. However, the results of such matters cannot be predicted with certainty and we cannot assure you that the ultimate resolution of any legal or administrative proceeding or dispute will not have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Certain Legal Matters

On October 26, 2018, the Company received a subpoena from the New York Attorney General's Office ("NY AG") regarding compliance with New York Executive Law § 63(12) and New York General Business Law § 349, as they relate to the collection, use, or disclosure of information from or about consumers or individuals submitted to the Federal Communication Commission ("FCC") in connection with the FCC's rulemaking proceeding captioned "Restoring Internet Freedom," WC Docket No. 17-108. On December 13, 2018, the Company received a subpoena from the United States Department of Justice ("DOJ") regarding the same issue. The Company has been fully cooperating with both the NY AG and the DOJ and is responding to the subpoenas. At this time, it is not possible to determine the duration or disposition of either matter.

On June 27, 2019, as a part of a sales and use tax audit, the New York State Department of Taxation and Finance (the "Tax Department") issued a letter stating its position that revenue derived from certain of the Company's customer acquisition data services is subject to sales tax, as an information service. The Company believes this revenue should not be subject to sales tax in New York State because it is either an excluded advertising service or an information service not subject to sales tax in New York State, and the Company has responded to the Tax Department outlining this position. The determination as to whether such revenue is deemed a taxable information service and, if taxable, the amount of any taxes owed and the periods for which they may be owed is complex and fact-intensive, and the law in this area is unsettled. Given these uncertainties, the Company believes that it is reasonably possible that a sales tax liability may result from an unfavorable outcome in this matter, but it is unable to estimate the amount or range of any such liability at this time.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

Our business, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows may be impacted by a number of factors, many of which are beyond our control, including those set forth in our 2018 Form 10-K, the occurrence of any one of which could have a material adverse effect on our actual results.

There have been no material changes to the Risk Factors previously disclosed in our 2018 Form 10-K.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not Applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

On November 8, 2019, Fluent, LLC entered into Amendment No. 9 to Credit Agreement (the "Amendment"), among Fluent, LLC, as Borrower, the Company, certain subsidiaries of the Company party thereto, the financial institutions party thereto, as lenders, and Whitehorse Finance, Inc., as Administrative Agent, amending the term loan facility originally dated as of December 8, 2015. The Amendment, among other things, modified certain financial covenants of the Company and increased the interest rate by 0.50% during any period when the total leverage ratio (as defined in the Credit Agreement) exceeds 2.5.

Item 6. Exhibits.

The following exhibits are filed as part of, or incorporated by reference into, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

			Filed			
Exhibit No	Exhibit Description				Filing	
EXHIDIU INO.	Exhibit Description	Form	File No.	Exhibit	Date	Herewith
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation	8-K	001-37893	3.2	3/26/2015	
3.2	Certificate of Amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation.	8-K	001-37893	3.1	4/16/2018	
3.3	Amended and Restated Bylaws.	8-K	001-37893	3.2	2/19/2019	
4.1	Form of Common Stock Certificate.	8-K	001-37893	4.1	4/16/2018	
10.1	Amendment No. 9 to Credit Agreement					Х
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer filed pursuant to Exchange Act Rules					
	<u>13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 as</u>					
	adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.					Х
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer filed pursuant to Exchange Act Rules					
	<u>13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 as</u>					
	adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.					Х
32.1*	Certification by Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350,					
	as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.					Х
32.2*	Certification by Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as					
	adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.					Х
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document					Х
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document					Х
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document					Х
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document					Х
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document					Х
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document					Х
*	This certification is deemed not filed for purposes of section 18 of the Securities	Exchange	Act of 1934, as	s amended (H	Exchange Act), or
	otherwise subject to the liability of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporat	ed by refer	rence into any f	filing under t	the Securities	Act of
	1933, as amended or the Exchange Act.	-	J.	-		
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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

November 12, 2019

Fluent, Inc.

By: /s/ Alexander Mandel

Alexander Mandel Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

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AMENDMENT NO. 9 TO CREDIT AGREEMENT

This AMENDMENT NO. 9 TO CREDIT AGREEMENT (this "<u>Amendment</u>") is entered into as of November 8, 2019 by and among FLUENT, INC. (f/k/a Cogint, Inc.), a Delaware corporation, as parent (the "<u>Parent</u>"), FLUENT, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("<u>Borrower</u>"), the other borrower parties party hereto (together with the Parent and the Borrower, the "<u>Borrower Parties</u>"), WHITEHORSE FINANCE, INC., as the Administrative Agent (in such capacity, together with its successors and assigns, the "<u>Administrative Agent</u>"), and the lenders party hereto (collectively, the "<u>Lenders</u>"). Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the respective meanings ascribed to such terms in the Amended Credit Agreement (as defined below).

RECITALS

A. The Borrower, the Parent, the Administrative Agent and the Lenders, together with the persons party thereto from time to time as Guarantors, are party to that certain Credit Agreement, dated as of December 8, 2015, as amended by that certain Limited Consent and Amendment No. 1 to Credit Agreement, dated as of June 8, 2016, that certain Limited Consent and Amendment No. 2 to Credit Agreement, dated as of September 30, 2016, that certain Amendment No. 3 to Credit Agreement, dated as of January 19, 2017, that certain Amendment No. 4 to Credit Agreement, dated as of August 7, 2017, that certain Amendment No. 5 to Credit Agreement, dated as of November 3, 2017, that certain Limited Consent and Amendment No. 6 to Credit Agreement, dated as of March 26, 2018, that certain Amendment No. 7 to Credit Agreement, dated as of September 10, 2018, that certain Amendment No. 8 to Credit Agreement, dated as of October 12, 2018 and that certain Limited Consent and Waiver to Credit Agreement, dated as of June 17, 2019 (the "<u>Credit Agreement</u>" and, as amended by this Amendment, the "<u>Amended Credit Agreement</u>").

B. The Borrower Parties have requested that the Majority Lenders and the Administrative Agent, and the Majority Lenders and the Administrative Agent have agreed to, amend certain financial covenants in the Credit Agreement on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing, the terms, covenants and conditions contained herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto agree as follows:

SECTION 1. <u>Amendments to Credit Agreement</u>. Subject to the conditions set forth below, and in reliance on the representations, warranties, covenants and other agreements contained herein, the Administrative Agent and the Lenders party hereto (together, the "<u>Lender Parties</u>") hereby agree that:

follows:

(a) The definition of "Applicable Margin" in Section 1.1 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as

"<u>Applicable Margin</u>" shall mean (a) for the period from the Ninth Amendment Effective Date until (but excluding) the first Business Day following the date on which the first Compliance Certificate following the Ninth Amendment Effective Date is delivered to the Administrative Agent pursuant to <u>Section 7.3</u>, the applicable per annum rate of interest set forth below as Pricing Level I and (b) for the period on and after the first Business Day following the date on which the first Compliance Certificate following the Ninth Amendment Effective Date is delivered to the Administrative Agent for the most recently ended fiscal quarter pursuant to <u>Section 7.3</u>, a per annum rate of interest based on the Total Leverage Ratio set out below, as set forth in the most recent Compliance Certificate received by the Administrative Agent pursuant to <u>Section 7.3</u>:

Pricing Level	<u>Total Leverage Ratio</u>	Base Rate Advances	Eurodollar Advances
I	≤ 2.50	6.00%	7.00%
II	> 2.50	6.50%	7.50%

Any increase or decrease in the Applicable Margin resulting from a change in the Total Leverage Ratio shall become effective as of the first Business Day immediately following the date a Compliance Certificate for any fiscal quarter is delivered to the Administrative Agent pursuant to <u>Section 7.3</u>; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that, if a Compliance Certificate is not delivered to the Administrative Agent when due in accordance with such Section, then Pricing Level II shall apply as of the first Business Day after the date on which such Compliance Certificate was required to have been delivered and shall remain in effect until the first Business Day after the date on which such Compliance Certificate is delivered to the Administrative Agent.

In the event that any financial statement or Compliance Certificate delivered pursuant to <u>Section 7.3</u> is inaccurate, and such inaccuracy, if corrected, would have led to the imposition of a higher Applicable Margin for any period than the Applicable Margin applied for that period, then (i) the Borrower shall immediately deliver to Administrative Agent a corrected financial statement and a corrected Compliance Certificate for that period (the date on which such corrected financial statements and corrected Compliance Certificate for that period and (ii) the Borrower shall immediately pay to Administrative Agent (for the account of the Lenders that hold the Commitments and Loans at the time such payment is received, regardless of whether those Lenders held the Commitments and Loans during the relevant period) the accrued additional interest owing as a result of such increased Applicable Margin for that period; <u>provided</u> that, for the avoidance of doubt, any deficiency shall be due and payable as at such Corrected Financials Date and no default under <u>Section 9.1(b)</u> shall be deemed to have occurred with respect to such date. This paragraph shall not limit the rights of Administrative Agent or the Lenders with respect to <u>Article 9</u> hereof, and shall survive the termination of this Agreement until the payment in full in cash of the aggregate outstanding principal balance of the Loans.

(b) Section 1.1 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended by adding the following defined term in appropriate alphabetical order:

"Ninth Amendment Effective Date" means November 8, 2019.

(c) The definition of "Working Capital" in Section 1.1 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

"<u>Working Capital</u>" shall mean, for any Person at any date, its consolidated current assets (excluding cash (including cash that is received from AdParlor clients for media reimbursement and owing to third party media suppliers) and Cash Equivalents) at such date minus its consolidated current liabilities (excluding the current portion of long term debt and Capitalized Lease Obligations) at such date.

(d) Section 2.4(a)(i)(B) of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended by replacing the words "thirty-six (36)" with the words "forty-eight

(48)".

(e) Section 2.4(a)(i)(C) of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended by replacing the words "thirty-six (36)" with the words "forty-eight (48)" and replacing the words "forty-eight (48)" with the words "sixty (60)".

(48)".

(f) Section 2.4(a)(ii)(B) of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended by replacing the words "thirty-six (36)" with the words "forty-eight

(g) Section 2.4(a)(ii)(C) of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended by replacing the words "thirty-six (36)" with the words "forty-eight (48)" and replacing the words "forty-eight (48)" with the words "sixty (60)".

(h) Section 8.8 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

Section 8.8 <u>Minimum EBITDA</u>. The Borrower Parties shall not permit EBITDA of Parent and its Subsidiaries to be less than the amount specified below for the immediately preceding twelve (12) month period ended as of the date specified below. Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, (i) the Borrower Parties shall not be required to comply with the minimum EBITDA level set forth in this <u>Section 8.8</u> (as in effect immediately prior to the Ninth Amendment Effective Date) for the fiscal quarter ending September 30, 2019 and (ii) following the consummation of any Permitted Acquisition, the minimum EBITDA levels required pursuant to this Section 8.8 shall be calculated on a Pro Forma Basis.

Date	Minimum EBITDA	
October 31, 2019	\$24,700,000	
November 30, 2019	\$22,200,000	
December 31, 2019	\$21,400,000	
January 31, 2020	\$20,500,000	
February 29, 2020	\$20,100,000	
March 31, 2020	\$19,200,000	
April 30, 2020	\$18,800,000	
May 31, 2020	\$18,200,000	
June 30, 2020	\$16,500,000	
July 31, 2020	\$16,400,000	
August 31, 2020	\$17,300,000	
September 30, 2020	\$18,700,000	
October 31, 2020	\$19,700,000	
November 30, 2020	\$20,500,000	
December 31, 2020	\$20,900,000	
March 31, 2021 and each fiscal quarter thereafter	\$20,800,000	

(i) Section 8.9 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

Section 8.9 <u>Total Leverage Ratio</u>. The Borrower Parties shall not permit the Total Leverage Ratio to be greater than the ratio specified below for the immediately preceding twelve (12) month period ended as of the last day of each fiscal quarter specified below. Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, the Borrower Parties shall not be required to comply with the Total Leverage Ratio level set forth in this <u>Section 8.9</u> (as in effect immediately prior to the Ninth Amendment Effective Date) for the fiscal quarter ending September 30, 2019.

Quarter Ending	<u>Total Leverage Ratio</u>	
December 31, 2019	2.75 to 1.00	
March 31, 2020	2.75 to 1.00	
June 30, 2020	3.00 to 1.00	
September 30, 2020	2.75 to 1.00	
December 31, 2020	2.25 to 1.00	
March 31, 2021 and each fiscal quarter thereafter	2.25 to 1.00	

(j) Section 8.10 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

Section 8.10 <u>Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio</u>. The Borrower Parties shall not permit the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio to be less than the ratio specified below for the immediately preceding twelve (12) month period ended as of the last day of each fiscal quarter specified below. Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, following the consummation of any Permitted Acquisition, the components of the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio shall be calculated on a Pro Forma Basis.

Quarter Ending	Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio
September 30, 2019	2.06 to 1.00
December 31, 2019	1.96 to 1.00
March 31, 2020	1.79 to 1.00
June 30, 2020	1.57 to 1.00
September 30, 2020	1.82 to 1.00
December 31, 2020	2.08 to 1.00
March 31, 2021 and each fiscal quarter thereafter	2.10 to 1.00

SECTION 2. <u>Representations and Warranties of the Borrower Parties</u>. The Borrower Parties represent and warrant that:

(a) The Borrower Parties have the power and have taken all necessary action, corporate or otherwise, to authorize them to execute, deliver, and perform their respective obligations under this Amendment in accordance with the terms hereof and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby. This Amendment has been duly executed and delivered by the Borrower Parties, and is a legal, valid and binding obligation of the Borrower Parties, enforceable in accordance with its terms except to the extent that the enforceability thereof may be limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or similar laws affecting the enforcement of creditor's rights generally or by general principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforcement is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law).

(b) All of the representations and warranties of the Borrower Parties under this Amendment and the other Loan Documents are true and correct in all material respects (without duplication of any materiality qualifier contained herein or therein, as applicable) as of the date hereof, except for such representations and warranties made as of a specific date, which are true and correct in all material respects (without duplication of any materiality qualifier contained herein or therein, as applicable) as of such date, and there exists no Default or Event of Default, in each case after giving effect to this Amendment.

(c) The execution, delivery, and performance of this Amendment in accordance with its terms do not and will not (i) violate any Applicable Law in any material respect, (ii) conflict with, result in a breach of or constitute a default under the certificate of incorporation or formation, by-laws, partnership agreement, operating agreement or other governing documents of any Borrower Party or under any Material Contract, or (iii) result in or require the creation or imposition of any Lien upon or with any assets or property of any Borrower Party except Permitted Liens. Additionally, each Borrower Party and each Subsidiary of a Borrower Party is otherwise in compliance, in all material respects, with all Applicable Laws and with all of the provisions of its certificate of incorporation or formation, by-laws, partnership agreement, operating agreement or other governing documents.

SECTION 3. <u>Effectiveness</u>. This Amendment shall be effective at the time that each of the conditions precedent set forth in this <u>Section 3</u> shall have been met:

(a) <u>Amendment</u>. The Administrative Agent shall have received duly executed counterparts of this Amendment signed by the Borrower Parties and the Lenders constituting Majority Lenders.

(b) <u>Payment of Fees and Expenses</u>. The Borrower Parties shall have paid:

(i) an amendment fee to the Administrative Agent, for the benefit of the Lender Group, in an aggregate amount equal to

\$204,260.00; and

(ii) all reasonable and documented out-of-pocket fees and expenses of the Administrative Agent and its professional advisors (including, without limitation, Latham & Watkins LLP) due and payable pursuant to Section 10.2 of the Amended Credit Agreement.

(c) <u>Representations and Warranties</u>. The representations and warranties contained herein shall be true, correct and complete.

SECTION 4. <u>Reference to and Effect upon the Loan Documents</u>.

(a) Except as expressly modified hereby, all terms, conditions, covenants, representations and warranties contained in the Amended Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents, and all rights of the Lender Parties and all of the Obligations, shall remain in full force and effect. Each of the Borrower Parties hereby confirms that the Amended Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents are in full force and effect and that, as of the date hereof, no Borrower Party has any right of setoff, recoupment or other offset or any defense, claim or counterclaim with respect to any of the Obligations, the Amended Credit Agreement or any other Loan Document.

(b) Except as expressly provided herein, the execution, delivery and effectiveness of this Amendment shall not directly or indirectly (i) constitute a consent or waiver of any past, present or future violations of any provisions of the Amended Credit Agreement, this Amendment or any other Loan Document or (ii) amend, modify or operate as a waiver of any provision of the Amended Credit Agreement or any other Loan Documents or any right, power or remedy of any Lender Party.

(c) From and after the date hereof, (i) the term "Agreement" in the Credit Agreement, and all references to the Credit Agreement in any Loan Document, shall mean the Amended Credit Agreement and (ii) the term "Loan Documents" in the Amended Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents shall include, without limitation, this Amendment and any agreements, instruments and other documents executed and/or delivered in connection herewith.

(d) Neither the Administrative Agent nor any other Lender Party has waived, is by this Amendment waiving or has any intention of waiving (regardless of any delay in exercising such rights and remedies), any Default or Event of Default which may be continuing on the date hereof or any Default or Event of Default which may occur after the date hereof, and no Lender Party has agreed to forbear with respect to any of its rights or remedies concerning any Defaults or Events of Default, which may have occurred or are continuing as of the date hereof, or which may occur after the date hereof.

(e) This Amendment shall not be deemed or construed to be a satisfaction, reinstatement, novation or release of the Amended Credit Agreement or any other Loan Document.

SECTION 5. <u>General Release; Indemnity; Covenant Not To Sue</u>.

In consideration of, among other things, the execution and delivery of this Amendment by the Administrative Agent and Lenders (a) signatory hereto, the Borrower Parties, on behalf of themselves and their respective agents, representatives, officers, directors, advisors, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, successors and assigns (collectively, "Releasors"), hereby forever waive, release and discharge, to the fullest extent permitted by law, each Releasee (as hereinafter defined) from any and all claims (including, without limitation, crossclaims, counterclaims, rights of set-off and recoupment), actions, causes of action, suits, debts, accounts, interests, liens, promises, warranties, damages and consequential damages, demands, agreements, bonds, bills, specialties, covenants, controversies, variances, trespasses, judgments, executions, costs, expenses or claims whatsoever (collectively, the "Claims") that such Releasor now has or hereafter may have, of whatsoever nature and kind, whether known or unknown, whether now existing or hereafter arising, whether arising at law or in equity, against any or all members of the Lender Group, any of the foregoing parties in any other capacity and each of their respective affiliates, subsidiaries, shareholders and "controlling persons" (within the meaning of the federal securities laws), and their respective successors and assigns and each and all of the officers, directors, employees, agents, attorneys and other representatives of each of the foregoing (collectively, the "Releasees"), in each case based in whole or in part on facts, whether or not now known, existing on or before the date hereof, in each case that relate to, arise out of or otherwise are in connection with: (i) any or all of the Loan Documents or transactions contemplated thereby or any actions or omissions in connection therewith, (ii) any aspect of the dealings or relationships between or among the Borrower and the other Borrower Parties, on the one hand, and any or all members of the Lender Group, on the other hand, relating to any or all of the documents, transactions, actions or omissions referenced in clause (i) hereof, or (iii) any aspect of the dealings or relationships between or among any or all of the equity holders of the Borrower Parties, on the one hand, and the members of the Lender Group, on the other hand, but only to the extent such dealings or relationships relate to any or all of the documents, transactions, actions or omissions referenced in clause (i) hereof. The receipt by the Borrower or any other Borrower Party of any Loans or other advances made by any member of the Lender Group after the date hereof shall constitute a ratification, adoption and confirmation by such party of the foregoing general release of all Claims against the Releasees which are based in whole or in part on facts, whether or not now known or unknown, existing on or prior to the date of receipt by the Borrower or any other Borrower Party of any such Loans or other advances.

(b) The Borrower hereby agrees that it shall be obligated to indemnify and hold the Releasees harmless with respect to any and all liabilities, obligations, losses, penalties, actions, judgments, suits, costs, expenses or disbursements of any kind or nature whatsoever incurred by the Releasees, or any of them, whether direct, indirect or consequential, arising from or in connection with the negotiation, preparation, execution, delivery, performance, administration and enforcement of this Amendment, the other Loan Documents or any other document executed and/or delivered in connection herewith or therewith; provided that the Borrower shall have no obligation to indemnify or hold harmless any Releasee hereunder with respect to liabilities to the extent they result from the gross negligence or willful misconduct of that Releasee as determined by a court of competent jurisdiction by a final and nonappealable judgment. If and to the extent that the foregoing undertaking may be unenforceable for any reason, the Borrower agrees to make the maximum contribution to the payment and satisfaction thereof which is permissible under applicable law.

(c) In entering into this Amendment, the Borrower Parties have consulted with, and have been represented by, legal counsel and expressly disclaims any reliance on any representations, acts or omissions by any of the Releasees made on or before the date hereof and hereby agree and acknowledge that the validity and effectiveness of the releases set forth above do not depend in any way on any such representations, acts and/or omissions or the accuracy, completeness or validity hereof.

(d) The Borrower Parties hereby absolutely, unconditionally and irrevocably covenants and agrees with and in favor of each Releasee that it will not sue (at law, in equity, in any regulatory proceeding or otherwise) any Releasee on the basis of any Claim released, remised and discharged pursuant to <u>Section 5(a)</u> hereof. If any Releasor violates the foregoing covenant, the Borrower agrees to pay, in addition to such other damages as any Releasee may sustain as a result of such violation, all attorneys' fees and out-of-pocket expenses incurred by any Releasee as a result of such violation.

(e) The provisions of this <u>Section 5</u> shall survive the termination of this Amendment, the other Loan Documents and payment in full of the Obligations.

SECTION 6. <u>Construction</u>. This Amendment and all other agreements and documents executed and/or delivered in connection herewith have been prepared through the joint efforts of all of the parties hereto. Neither the provisions of this Amendment or any such other agreements and documents nor any alleged ambiguity therein shall be interpreted or resolved against any party on the ground that such party or its counsel drafted this Amendment or such other agreements and documents, or based on any other rule of strict construction. Each of the parties hereto represents and declares that such party has carefully read this Amendment and all other agreements and documents executed in connection herewith, and that such party knows the contents thereof and signs the same freely and voluntarily. The parties hereto acknowledge that they have been represented by legal counsel of their own choosing in negotiations for and preparation of this Amendment and all other agreements and documents executed in connection herewith and that each of them has read the same and had their contents fully explained by such counsel and is fully aware of their contents and legal effect. If any matter is left to the decision, right, requirement, request, determination, judgment, opinion, approval, consent, waiver, satisfaction, acceptance, agreement, option or discretion of any member of the Lender Group or its employees, counsel or agents in the Amended Credit Agreement or any other Loan Documents, unless otherwise expressly set forth in the Amended Credit Agreement or such Loan Document, such action shall be deemed to be exercisable by such member of the Lender Group or such other Person in its sole and absolute discretion and according to standards established in its sole and absolute discretion. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, "option" and "discretion" shall be implied by the use of the words "if" and "may."

SECTION 7. <u>Costs and Expenses</u>. As provided in Section 10.2 of the Amended Credit Agreement, the Borrower Parties agree to reimburse the Administrative Agent for all reasonable and documented out-of-pocket costs and expenses, including the reasonable fees and disbursements of counsel, incurred by the Administrative Agent in connection with this Amendment.

SECTION 8. <u>**Governing Law**</u>. All matters arising out of, in connection with or relating to this Amendment, including, without limitation, its validity, interpretation, construction, performance and enforcement (including, without limitation, any claims sounding in contract or tort law arising out of the subject matter hereof and any determinations with respect to post-judgment interest), shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of New York.

Consent to Jurisdiction. FOR PURPOSES OF ANY LEGAL ACTION OR PROCEEDING BROUGHT BY ANY MEMBER OF SECTION 9. THE LENDER GROUP WITH RESPECT TO THIS AMENDMENT, EACH BORROWER PARTY HEREBY IRREVOCABLY SUBMITS TO THE PERSONAL JURISDICTION OF THE FEDERAL AND STATE COURTS SITTING IN THE COUNTY OF NEW YORK, STATE OF NEW YORK AND HEREBY IRREVOCABLY DESIGNATES AND APPOINTS, AS ITS AUTHORIZED AGENT FOR SERVICE OF PROCESS IN THE STATE OF NEW YORK, THE BORROWER, OR SUCH OTHER PERSON AS SUCH BORROWER PARTY SHALL DESIGNATE HEREAFTER BY WRITTEN NOTICE GIVEN TO THE ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT. THE CONSENT TO JURISDICTION HEREIN SHALL BE EXCLUSIVE; PROVIDED THAT THE LENDER GROUP, OR ANY OF THEM, RETAINS THE RIGHT TO BRING PROCEEDINGS AGAINST ANY BORROWER PARTY IN THE COURTS OF ANY OTHER JURISDICTION IN CONNECTION WITH THE EXERCISE OF ANY RIGHTS UNDER ANY SECURITY DOCUMENT OR THE ENFORCEMENT OF ANY JUDGMENT. THE LENDER GROUP SHALL FOR ALL PURPOSES AUTOMATICALLY, AND WITHOUT ANY ACT ON THEIR PART, BE ENTITLED TO TREAT SUCH DESIGNEE OF EACH BORROWER PARTY AS THE AUTHORIZED AGENT TO RECEIVE FOR AND ON BEHALF OF SUCH BORROWER PARTY SERVICE OF WRITS, OR SUMMONS OR OTHER LEGAL PROCESS IN THE STATE OF NEW YORK, WHICH SERVICE SHALL BE DEEMED EFFECTIVE PERSONAL SERVICE ON SUCH BORROWER PARTY SERVED WHEN DELIVERED, WHETHER OR NOT SUCH AGENT GIVES NOTICE TO SUCH BORROWER PARTY; AND DELIVERY OF SUCH SERVICE TO ITS AUTHORIZED AGENT SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE MADE WHEN PERSONALLY DELIVERED OR THREE (3) BUSINESS DAYS AFTER MAILING BY REGISTERED OR CERTIFIED MAIL ADDRESSED TO SUCH AUTHORIZED AGENT. EACH BORROWER PARTY FURTHER IRREVOCABLY CONSENTS TO SERVICE OF PROCESS IN ANY SUCH ACTION OR PROCEEDING BY THE MAILING OF COPIES THEREOF BY REGISTERED OR CERTIFIED MAIL TO SUCH BORROWER PARTY AT THE ADDRESS SET FORTH IN THE AMENDED CREDIT AGREEMENT, SUCH SERVICE TO BECOME EFFECTIVE THREE (3) BUSINESS DAYS AFTER SUCH MAILING. IN THE EVENT THAT, FOR ANY REASON, SUCH AGENT OR ITS SUCCESSORS SHALL NO LONGER SERVE AS AGENT OF EACH BORROWER PARTY TO RECEIVE SERVICE OF PROCESS IN THE STATE OF NEW YORK, EACH BORROWER PARTY SHALL SERVE AND ADVISE THE ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT THEREOF SO THAT AT ALL TIMES EACH BORROWER PARTY WILL MAINTAIN AN AGENT TO RECEIVE SERVICE OF PROCESS IN THE STATE OF NEW YORK ON BEHALF OF SUCH BORROWER PARTY WITH RESPECT TO THIS AMENDMENT AND ALL OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS. IN THE EVENT THAT, FOR ANY REASON, SERVICE OF LEGAL PROCESS CANNOT BE MADE IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED ABOVE, SUCH SERVICE MAY BE MADE IN SUCH MANNER AS PERMITTED BY LAW.

SECTION 10. <u>Consent to Venue</u>. EACH BORROWER PARTY HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES ANY OBJECTION IT WOULD MAKE NOW OR HEREAFTER FOR THE LAYING OF VENUE OF ANY SUIT, ACTION, OR PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS AMENDMENT BROUGHT IN THE FEDERAL COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES SITTING IN NEW YORK COUNTY, NEW YORK, AND HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES ANY CLAIM THAT ANY SUCH SUIT, ACTION, OR PROCEEDING HAS BEEN BROUGHT IN AN INCONVENIENT FORUM.

SECTION 11. <u>Waiver of Jury Trial</u>. EACH BORROWER PARTY, THE ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT AND EACH LENDER PARTY HERETO, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, WAIVES, AND OTHERWISE AGREES NOT TO REQUEST, A TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY COURT AND IN ANY ACTION, PROCEEDING OR COUNTERCLAIM OF ANY TYPE IN WHICH ANY BORROWER PARTY, ANY MEMBER OF THE LENDER GROUP OR ANY OF THEIR RESPECTIVE SUCCESSORS OR ASSIGNS IS A PARTY, AS TO ALL MATTERS AND THINGS ARISING DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY OUT OF THIS AMENDMENT AND THE RELATIONS AMONG THE PARTIES LISTED IN THIS AMENDMENT.

SECTION 12. <u>Headings</u>. Headings used in this Amendment are for convenience only and shall not affect the interpretation of any provision hereof.

SECTION 13. Reaffirmation. Each Borrower Party, as debtor, grantor, mortgagor, pledgor, guarantor, assignor, or in other similar capacities in which such Borrower Party grants liens or security interests in its properties or otherwise acts as accommodation party, guarantor or indemnitor, as the case may be, in any case under the Loan Documents, hereby (i) acknowledges, ratifies and confirms that all Obligations constitute valid and existing "Obligations" under the Amended Credit Agreement, and (ii) ratifies and confirms that (x) any and all Loan Documents to which it is a party and (y) all of its respective payment and performance obligations, contingent or otherwise, and all of its guarantees, pledges, grants of security interests and other similar rights or obligations, as applicable, under each of the Loan Documents to which it is party, remain in full force and effect notwithstanding the effectiveness of this Amendment to secure all of the Obligations arising under or pursuant to and as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, each Credit Party further agrees (A) that any reference to "Obligations" contained in any Loan Documents shall include, without limitation, the "Obligations" as such term is defined in the Amended Credit Agreement and (B) that the related guarantees and grants of security contained in such Loan Documents shall include and extend to such Obligations.

SECTION 14. <u>Severability</u>. Any provision of this Amendment which is prohibited or unenforceable shall be ineffective to the extent of such prohibition or unenforceability without invalidating the remaining provisions hereof in that jurisdiction or affecting the validity or enforceability of such provision in any other jurisdiction.

SECTION 15. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, but all such separate counterparts shall together constitute but one and the same agreement. In proving this Amendment or any other Loan Document in any judicial proceedings, it shall not be necessary to produce or account for more than one such counterpart signed by the party against whom such enforcement is sought. Any signatures hereto delivered by Electronic Transmission shall be deemed an original signature hereto.

SECTION 16. <u>Assignments; No Third Party Beneficiaries</u>. This Amendment shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Borrower, the other Borrower Parties, each member of the Lender Group and their respective successors and assigns; provided that the Borrower shall be entitled to delegate any of its duties hereunder or assign any of its rights or remedies set forth in this Amendment without the prior written consent of Administrative Agent in its sole discretion. No Person other than the Borrower, the other Borrower Parties and the Lender Group and, in the case of Section 5 hereof, the Releasees, shall have any rights hereunder or be entitled to rely on this Amendment and all third-party beneficiary rights (other than the rights of the Releasees under Section 5 hereof) are hereby expressly disclaimed.

[Signature pages to follow]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, each of the undersigned has caused this Amendment to be duly executed and delivered as of the date first above written.

BORROWER PARTIES:

FLUENT, LLC, as the Borrower

By: <u>/s/ Ryan Schulke</u> Name: Ryan Schulke Title: Chief Executive Officer

FLUENT, INC., as the Parent

By: <u>/s/ Ryan Schulke</u> Name: Ryan Schulke Title: Chief Executive Officer

AMERICAN PRIZE CENTER LLC DELIVER TECHNOLOGY LLC FIND DREAM JOBS, LLC FLUENT MEDIA LABS, LLC **REWARD ZONE USA LLC REWARDSFLOW LLC** SAMPLES & SAVINGS, LLC SEARCH WORKS MEDIA, LLC SEA OF SAVINGS LLC EASE WINS, LLC MAIN SOURCE MEDIA, LLC **BIG PUSH MEDIA, LLC** HVGUS, LLC **INBOX PAL, LLC** HUNT FOR JOBS, LLC **VESEY STUDIOS, LLC**

CLICKGEN, LLC NETCREATIONS, LLC BXY VENTURES, LLC ADPARLOR, LLC,

each as a Subsidiary Guarantor

By: <u>/s/ Ryan Schulke</u> Name: Ryan Schulke Title: Chief Executive Officer

WHITEHORSE FINANCE, INC.,

as Administrative Agent

By: <u>/s/ Joyson Thomas</u> Name: Joyson Thomas Title: Authorized Signatory

H.I.G. WHITEHORSE TRINITY CREDIT, LLC, as a Lender

By: <u>/s/ Richard Siegel</u> Name: Richard Siegel Title: Authorized Signatory

WHITEHORSE FINANCE CREDIT I, LLC, as a Lender

By: <u>/s/ Joyson Thomas</u> Name: Joyson Thomas Title: Authorized Signatory

SWISS CAPITAL HYS PRIVATE DEBT FUND L.P, as a Lender

By: <u>/s/ Richard Siegel</u> Name: Richard Siegel Title: Authorized Signatory

WHITEHORSE ONSHORE CREDIT OPPORTUNITIES I SPV, LLC,

as a Lender

By: <u>/s/ Richard Siegel</u> Name: Richard Siegel Title: Authorized Signatory

WHITEHORSE OFFSHORE CREDIT OPPORTUNITIES I, LLC, as a Lender

By: <u>/s/ Richard Siegel</u> Name: Richard Siegel Title: Authorized Signatory

H.I.G. WHITEHORSE SMA ABF, L.P., as a Lender

By: <u>/s/ Richard Siegel</u> Name: Richard Siegel Title: Authorized Signatory I, Ryan Schulke, certify that:

- (1) I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Fluent, Inc.;
- (2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- (3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- (4) The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- (5) The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

November 12, 2019

By: /s/ Ryan Schulke

Ryan Schulke Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

I, Alex Mandel, certify that:

- (1) I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Fluent, Inc.;
- (2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- (3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- (4) The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- (5) The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

November 12, 2019

By: /s/ Alex Mandel

Alex Mandel Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the accompanying Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Fluent, Inc. for the quarter ended September 30, 2019 (the "Report"), the undersigned hereby certifies pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to my knowledge and belief, that:

(1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Fluent, Inc.

November 12, 2019

By: /s/ Ryan Schulke

Ryan Schulke Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

The certification set forth above is being furnished as an Exhibit solely pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure document of Fluent, Inc. or the certifying officers.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the accompanying Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Fluent, Inc. for the quarter ended September 30, 2019 (the "Report"), the undersigned hereby certifies pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to my knowledge and belief, that:

(1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Fluent, Inc.

November 12, 2019

By: /s/ Alex Mandel

Alex Mandel Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

The certification set forth above is being furnished as an Exhibit solely pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure document of Fluent, Inc. or the certifying officers.